# FODDER RESEARCH INSTITUTE, SARGODHA

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Economy of Pakistan is predominantly agriculture driven which not only contributing 18.9% GDP but also provides jobs. Livestock is vital sub-sector of Agriculture contributing 11.1% to GDP which is 58.92% of the Agriculture's share to GDP (Economic Survey of Pakistan, 2017-18). It provides milk, meat and other by-products of animal origin for human nutrition. Pakistan being at 4<sup>th</sup> position in milk production in the world produces 57,890 thousand tons of milk per year. The value of milk alone is more than the combined value of two major crops i-e wheat and cotton. Fodder is backbone of livestock and provides 2 to 3 times cheaper feed than concentrate to livestock.

Fodder crops have unique position in context of livestock in our country where more than 70% of our population is directly involved in livestock as a primary source of food and income. Animal population comprising of cattle, buffalo, goat, sheep and others is 196.5 million in Pakistan (Economic Survey of Pakistan, 2017-18).

Fodders occupied an area of 2.11 million hectares and produced 45.77 million tonnes of green fodder out of which Punjab province contributed 1.83 million hectares area and 39.74 million tonnes production of the country. In Punjab, fodder crops occupying third place after wheat and cotton with average fodder yield of 21.7 t/ha. Major Rabi fodder crops are berseem, oats and alfalfa.

There is fodder shortage, which gets severe during lean periods. There are two fodder scarcity periods i.e. May-June when the Rabi fodders come to end and November-December when the Kharif fodders are not available. Animals are generally underfed and undernourished which results in their poor performance. The major constraints in fodder production are non-availability of good quality seed and lack of awareness production technology among the fodder growers.

There is big gap between demand and productivity of fodders and there is a dire need to fulfill the gap between the demand and supply of fodder and shortage of good seed. It is only possible through evolution of high yielding, multicut varieties / hybrids of different fodder crops and standardization of their fodders and seed production technology. Multifacet experiments on Rabi fodder crops have been planned to find out proper and feasible answer to fodder production problems through development of high fodder yielding varieties having tolerance against major pests and diseases, good quality in terms of high output of livestock production and also establishment of technology for seed production of approved varieties.

#### SALIENT ACHIEVEMENTS DURING 2017-18

#### **BERSEEM**

- 1. 01 berseem candidate variety "Punajb Berseem is in approval process. Spot examination has been completed.
- 2. In the adaptability trials conducted at four different locations, the promising lines FB-3-15 and FB-1-15 produced highest green fodder yield 112.11 and 109.61 t/ha as compared to the check varieties Agaiti and Anmol producing 98.89 and 95.61 t/ha green fodder respectively.
- 3. In advance green fodder yield trial tested at 2 locations, the promising lines FB-1-16 and FB-2-16 gave maximum green fodder yield 137.78 and 135.33 t/ha as compared to check varieties Agaiti and Anmol producing 117.11 t/ha and 118.56 t/ha green fodder respectively.
- 4. Line SB-3-17 and FB-3-17 produced highest green fodder yield 122.11 and 120.44 t/ha in preliminary green fodder yield experiment at two locations, while check varieties Agaiti and Anmol produced 101.33 and 114.22 t/ha respectively.

#### <u>Oats</u>

- 1. In adaptability green fodder yield trials, the promising lines FRI-03 and SGD-1 gave high fodder yield (77.29 and 75.52 t/ha) as compared to check variety Sgd.oats.2011 (73.13 t/ha)
- 2. In advance green fodder yield trial, the promising lines SGD-46 and No.677 produced maximum green fodder yield 97.98 and 94.76 t/ha whereas check variety Sgd.oats.2011 produced 81.65 t/ha.
- 3. The promising line FRI.301 gave higher green fodder yield (94.30 t/ha) than check variety Sdg.oats.2011 (89.93) in preliminary fodder yield trial.

#### **LUCERNE**

- 1. In advance green fodder trial, the lines Silverado, CUF-101 and SGS-82 produced 157.94, 145.65 and 142.98 t/ha green fodder yield respectively while check variety Sgd. Lucerne produced 138.98 t/ha green fodder yield.
- 2. In the adaptability trials, the promising lines GR-722, No.1103 and hunter river gave overall best performance yielding 86.94, 86.82 and 86.30 t/ha green fodder as compared to check variety Sgd. Lucerne (84.42 t/ha).

## ANNUAL RESEARCH PROGRAMME FOR RABI 2018-19 FODDER RESEARCH INSTITUTE, SARGODHA

## **<u>BERSEEM</u>** (Trifolium alexandrinum. L) 2n = 16

1.	TITLE	COLLECTION, MAINTENANCE AND EVALUATION OF BERSEEM GERMPLASM		
	OBJECTIVE	To maintain and evaluate the germplasm and record characters for use in breeding program.		
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Amir Abdullah, Shoaib Anwar Kohli and GhulamNabi.		
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19		
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha		
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	No. of lines=57Sowing time=First fortnight of October		of October
		The following characters will be recorded:		
		<ol> <li>No. of days to flower</li> <li>Disease incidence</li> <li>Plant height</li> <li>Crude protein %</li> <li>No. of days to maturity</li> <li>Green fodder yield</li> <li>Dry matter %</li> </ol>		
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	Seed of 54 line	s was collected, and seed was	preserved.
		S. No. Par	ameters	Range
		1 No.	of days to flower	160-180 days
		2 No.	of days to maturity	190-210 days
		3 Pla	nt height	60-74 cm
		4 Gre	een fodder yield	55-80 t/ha.
		5 Dry	v matter %	11.6 - 16%
		6 Cru	ıde protein %	15.8 - 20.4%

2.	TITLE	IMPROVEMENT OF FODDER AND GRAIN YIELD THROUGH MASS SELECTION IN BERSEEM
	OBJECTIVE	To develop high yielding population from open pollinated material through selection in Berseem
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Amir Abdullah, Shoaib Anwar Kohli and Muhammad Saleem Akhtar
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (Continuous nature)
	TREATMENT	Heterogeneous base population (Random-mated population of 05 varieties/ lines)
	METHODOLOGY	Five hundred desirable capsules/ plants will be selected on the basis of phenotypic characters from the heterogeneous base population. The seed of selected capsules/ plants will be bulked and random mating will be allowed among them to rise the next generation. Further selection cycle will be repeated for $2 - 3$ years in random-mated population to achieve uniform population for testing in the preliminary fodder yield trial.
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	Five hundred typical capsules from random-mated population were selected, threshed and bulked
3	TITLE	PRELIMINARY GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate the green fodder yield potential of different Promising lines of Berseem.
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Amir Abdullah and Shoaib Anwar Kohli
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.

#### TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY

Sr. No.	Lines / varieties	Sr. No.	Lines / varieties
1	SB-1-18	6	SB-3-18
2	FB-1-18	7	SB-4-18
3	SB-2-18	8	SB-5-18
4	Agaiti (check)	9	ANMOL (check)
5	FB-2-18	10	SB-6-18

Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot size	=	3x5 m.
Sowing method	=	Broadcast
Sowing time	=	Ist fortnight of October

The following observations will be recorded.

- 1. Plant height (cm) 2. Disease incidence
- 3. Green fodder yield (t/ha) 4. Dry matter (t/ha)

#### **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

#### **GREEN FODDER YIELD (t/ha.)**

S. No.	Lines/ Varieties	FRI, Sargodha	FRSS, F/Abad	Avg.
1.	SB-3-17	132.22	112.00	122.11
2.	FB-3-17	128.22	112.67	120.44
3.	FB-2-17	130.67	109.33	120.00
4.	Anmol(check)	114.44	114.00	114.22
5.	SB-2-17	125.56	101.33	116.78
6.	SB-4-17	118.89	100.67	109.78
7.	SB-1-17	122.67	95.33	109.00
8.	Gold-17	102.44	107.33	104.89
9.	Agaiti(check)	108.67	94.00	101.33
10.	FB-1-17	104.00	93.33	98.67
	LSD (5%)	10.60		

Lines / varieties = 10

4	TITLE:	ADVANCED GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM
	OBJECTIVE	To test lines selected from preliminary trials of Berseem for green fodder yield potential and other desirable characters.
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Amir Abdullah and Shoaib Anwar Kohli
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha

TREATMENTS/

Lines/ varieties = 08

METHODOLOGY

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Sr.	Lines / varieties	Sr.	Lines / varieties
No.		No.	
1	SB-3-17	5	FB-1-17
2	FB-2-17	6	ANMOL (Check)
3	SB-2-17	7	SB-4-17
4	Agaiti (Check)	8	SB-1-17

Lay out	=	RCBD	
Replications	=	3	
Plot size	=	3x5 m.	
Sowing method	=	Broadcast	
Sowing time	=	Ist fortnight of October	
The following observations will be recorded.			

1.	Plant height	2.	Dry matter %
3.	<b>Disease incidence</b>	4.	Green fodder yield

### PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS GREEN FODDER YIELD (t/ha.)

Sr.No.	Lines/ varieties	FRI, Sgd.	FRSS, F/Abad.	Average
1.	FB-1-16	131.11	144.44	137.78
2.	FB-2-16	129.33	141.33	135.33
3.	SB-3-16	126.89	118.67	122.78
4.	SB-2-16	126.00	118.67	122.33
5.	Anmol (check)	118.89	118.22	118.56
6.	Agaiti (check)	118.67	115.56	117.11
7.	SB-5-16	118.22	107.56	112.89
8.	SB-4-16	116.89	104.89	110.89
	LSD 5%	10.8	13.57	

5. TITLE ADAPTABILITY FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM

OBJECTIVETo assess green fodder yield potential of advanced lines<br/>against standard varieties under different agro-climatic<br/>conditions.RESEARCH WORKERSAmir Abdullah, Shoaib Anwar Kohli and Ghulam Nabi

RESEARCH WORKERS Amir Abdul PROJECT DURATION 2018-19

LOCATION (S)

i.) FRI, Sargodha.

**Lines/Varieties** 

- ii) ARS, Bahawalpur.
- iii) FRSS, AARI, Faisalabad.
- iv) ESPU, Farooqabad.

TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY

Sr.	Lines / varieties	Sr.	Lines / varieties
No.		No.	
1	SB-3-16	5	FB-2-16
2	SB-2-16	6	ANMOL (check)
3	FB-1-16	7	SB-5-16
4	Agaiti (Check)		

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Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot size	=	3 x 5m
Sowing method	=	Broadcast
Sowing time	=	Ist fortnight of October

The following observations will be recorded.

- 1. Plant height 2. Disease incidence
- 4. Green fodder yield

#### **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

**GREEN FODDER YIELD (t/ha.)** 

Sr.	Lines / Varieties	FRI,	FRSS,	ARS,	ESPU,	Avg.
No		Sargodha	F/Abad	B/Pur	Farooqabad	
1.	FB-3-15	131.78	116.67	84.23	115.78	112.11
2.	FB-1-15	132.67	112.67	76.01	117.11	109.61
3.	SB-1-15	133.33	102.44	71.57	89.33	99.17
4.	Agaiti (check)	110.00	105.33	80.90	99.33	98.89
5.	SB-3-15	121.11	105.56	76.68	82.89	96.56
6.	Anmol(check)	112.00	96.22	74.23	100.00	95.61
7.	SB-2-15	109.11	86.22	71.56	85.78	88.17
	LSD	9.0	13.4	16.8	5.84	

6.	TITLE	NATIONAL UNIFORM GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate the promising lines of berseem for green fodder yield potential under different agro-ecological zones of Pakistan.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Amir Abdullah, Shoaib Anwar Kohli and Ghulam Nabi
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	The seed along with plan and methodology will be supplied by the coordinator (Fodder) NARC, Islamabad.

## Green Fodder Yields (t ha'1) of National Uniform Fodder Yield Trials (NUFYTs) of Berseem 2017-18

		Green Fodder Yield (t ha <sup>-1</sup> )					
Code	Entry	AARI Faisalabad (3 cut)	Tarnab KPK (3 cut)	NARC Islamabad (4 cut)	AZARI Bahawalpur (3 cut)	FRI, Sargodha (4 cut)	Av. of 5 sites
BS17011	Anmol-Q	61.56	50.67	79.11	30.73	133.00	71.01
BS17001	Sandal Berseem	64.44	58.11	89.11	34.50	122.67	73.77
BS17050	Samarqand Berseem	67.56	56.56	85.00	29.03	122.00	72.03
B\$17041	Annol (Check)	62.22	53,11	74.44	31.40	130.33	70,30
B\$17039	Berseem Agaiti (Check)	68.22	<b>60.0</b> 0	74.22	34.47	130.00	73,38
B\$17020	SB-3-14	73.33	60.33	87.11	31.40	129.67	76.37
BS17009	SB-2-15	62.89	66,00	85.56	32.53	132.00	75.80
	LSD (0.05)	9.29	11,80	12.57	5.29	5.74	3.40
	CV (%)	7.90	11.50	8.60	9.30	2.50	2.60

# $\underline{OATS} (Avena sativa) 2n = 42$

7.	TITLE	COLLECTION, EVALUA MAINTENANCE OF GEF		
	OBJECTIVE	To collect, evaluate and ma for utilization in the breedi	aintain the germplasm of oats ing programs.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Imtiaz Akram Niazi, M Sikandar Hayat	Iuhammad Saleem Akhtar and	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (Continuous natur	re)	
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha		
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<u>Germplasm lines /varieties</u> Total No. of rows Row length Row spacing Date of sowing	<ul> <li>= 130</li> <li>= 2</li> <li>= 6 m</li> <li>= 45 cm.</li> <li>= Mid Oct to Mid November</li> </ul>	
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	Seeds of 130 lines were coll year sowing.	ected and preserved for next	

S. No.	Parameters	Range
1.	Lodging	20-40%
2.	Days to heading	70-130
3.	Plant height	60-170 cm
4.	No. of tillers/plant	6-15
5.	Days to maturity	99-142
6.	Stem thickness	0.34cm – 0.62cm

8.	TITLE	HYBRIDI	HYBRIDIZATION PROGRAMME OF OATS				
	OBJECTIVE		To create genetic variability and selection of desirable recombinants from different generations of oats. Dr. Imtiaz Akram Niazi, Muhammad Saleem Akhtar and Sikandar Hayat				
	RESEARCH WOR						
	LOCATION	Fodder Re	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha				
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	30 crosses	30 crosses will be attempted				
		Characteristics	No. Of Crosses				
	Γ	High Fodder Vield	12	7			

Characteristics	No. Of Crosses
High Fodder Yield	12
<b>Disease Resistance</b>	10
Stay Green	8

	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	No. of Rows = 2 (eac Row length = 6 m Row spacing = 45 cm Date of sowing = Mid O 36 crosses were attempted successful Successful crosses	
		For Yield=Disease Resistance=Stay Green=	5 2 3
9.	TITLE:	STUDY OF FILIAL GEN OATS	VERATIONS (F <sub>1</sub> -F <sub>6</sub> ) OF
	<b>OBJECTIVE:-</b>	To observe the genetic va desirable recombinants fr of oats.	•
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Dr. Imtiaz Akram Niazi, Sikandar Hayat	Muhammad Saleem Akhtar and
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institut	e, Sargodha
	TREATMENTS/	CROSSES TO BE STUD	IED
	METHODOLOGY	S. No. Generations	<u>Crosses/ plant progenies</u>
		1. F1	10 crosses
		2. F2	05 populations
		3. F3	60 plant progenies
		4. F4 5. F5	40 plant progenies 24 plant progenies
		6. F6	12 plant progenies
		Row length =	6m
		Row spacing =	60cm
		Sowing time =	Mid Oct to Mid November
		F1 =	Flanked with parents
		F3-F6 =	3 rows of each single plant Progeny

Filial Generations	Entries Studied	Selected Progenies/Plants	Uniform Lines Selected
F1	5 crosses	5 populations	-
F2	6 crosses	60 plants of 5 crosses	-
<b>F3</b>	50 plant progenies of 5 crosses	40 plants of 4 crosses	-
<b>F4</b>	<b>32 plant progenies of 4 crosses</b>	24 plants of 3 crosses	-
F5	18 plant progenies of 3 crosses	12 plants of 2 crosses	
F6	10 plants progenies of 2 crosses	-	2

10.	TITLE	PRELIMINARY FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF OATS					
	OBJECTIVES	To assess green fodder yield and others quality characteristics of newly selected lines of oats.					
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Imtiaz Akram A Niazi and Sikandar Hayat					
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19					
	LOCATION	<ul><li>i) Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.</li><li>ii) Fodder Research Sub-station, AARI, Faisalabad.</li></ul>					
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<u>No. of Entries</u> = $12$					
		i) No. 97081 ii) No . 663					
		iii) F-146 iv) FRI -152					
		v) FRI-683 vi) S-2000(Check)					
		vii) No. 615 viii) No. 2088 x 524					
		ix) FRI.2008 x) SGD Oats-2011(check)					
		xi) F0-1-18 xii) F0-2-18					
		Layout = RCBD					
		Replications = 3					
		Plot Size = $2.4x6m$					
		Row spacing = 30cm					
		Sowing Date = Mid October – Mid Nov.					
		The following data will be recorded.					
		<ol> <li>Plant height (cm)</li> <li>Lodging %</li> <li>Green fodder yield (t/ha)</li> <li>Grude protein</li> <li>Dry matter %</li> <li>Crude fiber</li> </ol>					
		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e					

	PREVIOUS RESULT		S. No.	Line / Variety	Green Fodder Yield (t/ha)	
				1	FRI.301	94.30
				2	SGD Oats 2011(check)	89.93
				3	No.669	89.24
				4	FRI.60015	87.40
			5		FSD.2.2015	86.71
				6	No.668	86.46
				7	FRI.153	85.10
				8	No.85.125	84.87
				9	F.443	83.26
				10	FRI.034	82.34
				11	FRINo.152	79.81
				12	F.440	76.36
				13	S.2000 (check)	74.75
				14	F.146	74.52
				LSD 5%	/0	5.40
OBJECTIVE: RESEARCH WORKER		KER	To test lines selected from preliminary yield trials for green fodder and other desirable characters. Dr. Imtiaz Akram Niazi, Sikandar Hayat and Ghulam Nabi			
	PROJECT DURAT	ION	2018-19			
	LOCATION	i) ii) iii)	Fodder	Research	h Institute, Sargodha h Sub-station, AARI, Fais eed Production Unit, Faro	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY		Varieti	es/lines	= 12	
			i)	No. 301	ii) SGD Oats 20	011(check)
			iii)	No. 669	iv) FRI - 6001/1	5
			V)	No. 668	vi) S-2000 (chec	<b>k</b> )
			vii)	FRI-153	/	
				FRI-152	x) FRI .034	
			xi)	F-401	xii) F-406	

Layout	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot Size	=	2.4 x 6m
Row Spacing	=	30 cm.
Sowing Date	=	Mid October to Mid Nov.

The following data will be recorded.

- 1. Plant height (cm) 2. Lodging %
- 3. No. of tillers/plant
- Disease incidence 4. 5. Green fodder yield (t/ha) 6. **Crude protein**
- 7. Dry matter %
- 8. Crude fiber

S.N0.	Name of Line	Green Fodder Yield(t/ha)
1	SGD-46	97.98
2	NO.677	94.76
3	FSD-01-2015	91.60
4	FSB-022016	88.78
5	ERK	86.48
6	FBO-01-2016	85.47
7	S-2000(C)	84.44
8	NO.632	84.41
9	FSD-02-2013	83.95
10	SGD-4	83.36
11	NO.75524	82.83
12	SGD-OATS2011(Check)	81.65
LSD5%	/0	5.76

12.	TITLE:	ADAPTABILITY YIELD TRIAL OF OATS			
	OBJECTIVES	To evaluate the promising lines for their green fodder yield in different agro. Ecological zones of the province.			
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Imtiaz Akram Niazi, Sikandar Hayat and Ghulam Nabi			
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19			
	LOCATION (S)	<ul> <li>i.) FRI, Sargodha</li> <li>ii) ARS, Bahawalpur</li> <li>iii) ESPU, Farooqabad.</li> <li>iv) FRSS, AARI, Faisalabad</li> </ul>			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			
		Layout = RCBD			
		Replications = 3			
		Plot Size = 1.8x6m			
		Row spacing = 30cm			
		Sowing Time = Mid October- Mid Nov.			
		The following data will be recorded.			
		1.Plant height (cm)2.Lodging %3.No. of tillers/plant4.Disease incidence5.Green fodder yield (t/ha)6.Crude protein %7.Dry matter %8.Crude fiber %			

PREVIOUS YEAR'S	S RESULT	Green Fod	der Yield (t/ha)	)	
Lines	F.R.I.SGD	Faislabad	Farooq-	Bahawapur	Average
	t/ha	T/ha	abad t/ha	T/ha	(t/ha)
FRI - 03	90.32	57.72	67.25	93.88	77.29
SGD-1	89.26	56.48	65.18	91.19	75.52
DOMOUNT	87.85	55.86	59.25	90.88	73.46
FRI-01	87.09	55.86	63.88	86.41	73.31
Sgd Oats 2011	86.48	56.17	60.18	89.70	73.13
(Check)					
F-415	80.32	50.00	46.29	90.39	72.99
NO.75525	87.33	52.78	60.18	89.99	72.57
СК-1	83.10	53.70	61.11	85.21	70.78
S-2000 (check)	83.41	54.94	63.88	84.31	70.09
F-4381	82.53	54.94	61.29	80.72	69.87
FRI-02	82.49	51.23	48.14	87.61	67.36
FSD-2013	81.26	50.31	51.85	81.92	66.33
LSD	4.75				

13. TITLE

#### NATIONAL UNIFORM GREEN FODDER YIELD **TRIAL OF OATS**

**OBJECTIVES:** To evaluate the elite lines of oats for their green fodder yield potential at national level of oats under different Agro-climatic conditions of the country. **RESEARCH WORKER** Dr. Imtiaz Niazi and Sikandar Hayat. **LOCATION** FRI, Sargodha and others **TREATMENTS/** Seed and sowing plan will be supplied by the **METHODOLOGY** Coordinator (Fodder), NARC, Islamabad and the experiment will be laid out accordingly. Data will be recorded as per instructions. Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha will contribute following lines: 1. SGD-1

- 2. FRI-03
- 3. CK-1
- 4. FRI-01

	Entry	Green Fodder Yield (t ha <sup>4</sup> )						
Code		AARI Faisalabad	Tarnab KPK	NARC Islamabad	FRI Sargodha	AZRI Bahawalpur	ARI, Quetta	Av. of 6 sites
OT 17079	PD 2-LV45	63.89	26.23	51.51	61.11	28.87	23.42	42.51
OT17081	F-408	54.32	29.32	43.49	63.89	25.87	19.80	39.45
OT17074	F-417	62.65	26.54	47.65	66.05	28.53	19.20	41.77
OT17020	Oats Sel-1	62.96	24.07	50.59	63.27	24.40	22.20	41.25
OT17088	No. 11 x S-81	66.36	26.54	58.77	56.79	32.77	19.80	43.50
OT17015	Forkdeer	57.72	31.48	44.88	66.05	27.83	21.00	41.49
OT17009	Wintroo	58.95	26.54	46.11	62.35	28.33	24.82	41.18
OT17090	Ck-1	50.93	28.40	36.70	60.49	26.17	22.20	37.48
OT17029	Sgd-1	62.04	26.23	45.19	66.98	29.43	23.20	42.18
OT17067	Sgd Oats 2011 (Check)	56.17	26.54	41.48	65.43	30.53	23.00	40.53
OT17030	FRI-03	53.70	33.64	53.36	75.00	28.87	22.40	44.50
OT17085	FRI-1	57.72	26.85	56.30	73.77	31.50	26.47	45.43
LSD (0.05)		4.32	5.89	9.49	7.36	5.43	3.15	6.85
	CV (%)	7.44	12.80	11.70	6.70	11.20	8.80	6.90

Green Fodder yield (t ha-1) of National Uniform Fodder Yield Trials on Oats for Rabi 2017-18

14.	TITLE:-	COLLECTION AND EVALUATION OF BARLEY GERMPLASM FOR FODDER To collect, evaluate and maintain the germplasm of Barley for fodder Dr. Imtiaz Akram Niazi , Ghulam Nabi and Sikandar Hayat 2018-19 (Continuous nature) Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha		
	OBJECTIVE			
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>			
	PROJECT DURATION			
	LOCATION			
	TREATMENTS/	Germplasm lines /varieties		
	METHODOLOGY	Previous entries=4New collections=9Total=13No. of rows=3Row length=6 mRow spacing=45 cm.Date of sowing=Mid Oct to Mid November		
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULT	Seeds of four lines were collected for the next year crop sowing.		

# LUCERNE (Medicago sativa L.) 2n = 32

15.	TITLE	MAINTENANCE AND EVALUATION OF GERMPLASM OF LUCERNE			
	OBJECTIVE	To collect, evaluate and maintain the germplasm further utilization in Breeding Programme.			
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Abdul Jabbar and Abdul Basit			
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (Continuous nature)			
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Total entries=Row Spacing=Row Length=Sowing time=	74 60cm. 5m. First fortnight of October		
		The following data will be	recorded.		
		1. Plant height 3. No. of tillers/meter row	<ol> <li>Culm thickness</li> <li>No. of tillers/plant</li> </ol>		

1. I failt fielgnt	2. Cum unckness
3. No. of tillers/meter row	4. No. of tillers/plant
5. No. of leaves / tiller	6. No. of leaves/ plant
7. Dry matter %	8. Leaf area
9. Crude Protein %	10. Fat %
11.Ash %	12.Crude Fiber %

С	CHARACTERIZATION				
Sr. No.	Parameters	Range			
1.	Plant height	68-84 cm			
2.	Culm thickness	0.39-0.87 cm			
3.	No. of tillers/plant	9.01-13.47			
4.	No. of tillers/meter row	84-107			
5.	No. of leaves / tiller	101-159			
6.	Leaf area	5.62-8.57 cm <sup>2</sup>			

TITLE PRELIMINARY GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF 16. LUCERNE **OBJECTIVES** To evaluate promising lines for higher green fodder yield. **RESEARCH WORKERS Abdul Jabbar and Abdul Basit PROJECT DURATION** 2018-19 **LOCATION** Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha **TREATMENTS Total lines** 11 = **METHODOLOGY** Lay out **RCBD** = Replications = 3 **Plot size** = 1.8 x 5m **Row spacing** 45cm = Sowing time **First fortnight of October** = The following data will be recorded. **1. Plant height** 2. Culm thickness 3. No. of tillers/meter row 4. No. of tillers/plant 5. No. of leaves / tiller 6. No. of leaves/ plant 7. Dry matter % 8. Leaf area 9. Crude Protein % 10. Fat % 11.Ash % 12.Crude Fiber % **REVIOUS YEAR'S** S.No Lines / Varieties GFY (t/ha.) RESULTS 1. Viger-02 123.93 122.44 2. **Bover** Viger-05 121.71 3. 4. **KOS-02** 119.12 Sgd. Lucerne 2002 (check) 5. 116.05 No.1107 115.05 6. 7. No.1103 114.30 Viger-01 113.19 8. 9. **GR-800** 112.84 10. China 110.23 11. 565-82 109.50 **LSD 5%** 9.59

17.	TITLE	ADVANCED GREEN OF LUCERNE	DDER YIELD TRIAL	
	OBJECTIVES		ted from the preliminary yield fodder yield and other desirable	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Abdul Jabbar and Al	Basit	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19		
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodh Total lines = 12		Sargodha
	TREATMENTS			12
	METHODOLOGY	Lay out	=	RCBD
		Replications	=	3
		Plot size	=	1.8x5m
		Row spacing	=	45cm
		Sowing time	=	First fortnight of October
		The following data will be recorded:-		
		1. Plant height		2. Culm thickness
		3. No. of tillers/meter row		4. No. of tillers/plant
		5. No. of leaves / tiller		6. No. of leaves/ plant

3. No. of tillers/meter row	4. No. of tillers/plan
5. No. of leaves / tiller	6. No. of leaves/ pla
7. Dry matter %	8. Leaf area
9. Crude Protein %	10. Fat %
11.Ash %	12.Crude Fiber %

11.Ash %

**REVIOUS YEAR'S** 

RESULTS

### **GREEN FODDER YIELD (t/ha.)**

Sr.No	Lines / Varieties	GFY (t/ha.)
1.	Silverado	157.94
2.	CUF-101	145.65
3.	SGS-82	142.98
4.	No.7613	140.97
5.	FRI001	139.99
6.	SARD-10	139.64
7.	Sgd. Lucerne (check)	138.98
8.	Oman	131.97
9.	Sunder	130.98
10.	5-IN-59	128.68
11.	No. 53	128.05
12.	ICON-13	119.32
	LSD 5%	11.63

18.	TITLE	ADAPTABILITY YIELD TRIAL OF LUCERNE			
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate the promising lines of Lucerne for their green fodder yield in different ecological zones of Punjab.			
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Abdul Jabbar and Abdul Basit			
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19			
	LOCATION (S)	<ul> <li>i.) FRI, Sargodha</li> <li>ii) ARS, Bahawalpur</li> <li>iii) FRSS, AARI, Faisalabad</li> <li>iv) ESPU, Farooqabad</li> </ul>			
	TREATMENTS	Total lines	=	07	
	METHODOLOGY	Lay out	=	RCBD	
		Replications	=	3	
		Plot size = 1.8x5m Row spacing = 45cm			
		Sowing time = First fortnight of October			
		The following data will be recorded:-			

- 1. Plant height2. Culm thickness3. No. of tillers/meter row4. No. of tillers/plant.5. No. of leaves / tiller6. No. of leaves/ plant.
- 7. Dry matter %
- 8. Leaf area

S.No	Line /Verity	FRI	FRSS	ARS	ESPU	Average
		Sgd	F/Abad	<b>B</b> /Pur	Farooqabad	(t/ha)
1	GR-722	96.31	123.70	76.65	51.09	86.94
2	No.1103	93.64	114.82	89.40	49.42	86.82
3	Hunter River	88.33	122.18	85.80	48.87	86.30
4	Sgd. Lucerne 2002 (Check)	92.76	127.03	72.90	44.97	84.42
5	GR-745	93.64	108.89	77.82	51.09	82.86
6	C-312	74.74	114.08	70.35	46.09	76.32

19. TITLE NATIONAL UNIFORM GREEN FODDER YIELD **TRIAL OF LUCERNE OBJECTIVES:** To evaluate the elite lines of lucerne for their green fodder vield potential at national level under different Agroclimatic conditions of the country. **RESEARCH WORKER Abdul Jabbar and Abdul Basit PROJECT DURATION** 2018-19 **TREATMENTS/** Lay out plan will be provided by NARC, Islamabad. Sowing will be done accordingly. Data will be recorded as **METHODOLOGY** 

per given instructions.

#### **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

S.No	Line /Verity	FRSS	NARC,	ARS	FRI	Average
		F/Abad	I/Abad.	B/Pur	Sgd	(t/ha)
		(6 cut)	(3 cut)	(3 cut)	(3 cut)	
1	GR-722	88.00	41.34	49.33	46.93	56.40
2	Lucerne Max.	87.11	33.44	51.56	51.87	55.99
3	Quetta Selection	77.55	39.78	51.78	52.83	55.49
4	GR-745	78.44	39.00	52.00	51.10	55.14
5	Sgd. Lucerne 2002 (Check)	76.45	40.22	45.33	48.60	52.65
	LSD 5%	6.94	6.10	3.54	4.78	2.13
	C.V. %	4.50	8.40	3.58	5.10	2.10

**20. TITLE** 

#### **BNS AND PRE-BASIC SEED PRODUCTION**

OBJECTIVEProduction of BNS and pre-basic seed of berseem,<br/>Lucerne and OatsRESEAERCH WORKERSAhmad Hussain and Amir AbdullahPROJECT DURATION2018-19METHODOLGY- Individual plants of each variety from pre-basic

- Individual plants of each variety from pre-basic blocks will be selected for next year sowing of Plant-to-Row
- True to type rows will be selected for next year sowing of Row-to-Block
- True to type Blocks will be selected, threshed and finally bulked for Breeder Nucleus Seed(BNS) to be used for next year sowing of pre-basic blocks

Crop	Variety	Selected	Selected	Selected No.	BNS	Pre-basic
		No. of	No. of Plant	of Row	(Kgs)	(Kgs)
		Plants	Rows	Blocks		
Berseem	Agaiti	100	46/50	36/45	165	2889
	Pachaiti	100	40/50	30/36	146	2896
	Anmol	100	22/30	16/20	74	795
Oats	S-2000	100	40/50	32/40	178	3343
	Sgd-2011	100	48/50	38/45	220	2410
Lucerne	Sgd-2002	50	36/50	30/40	24	380

# **AGRONOMY:**

21.	TITLE:	EFFECT OF SEED RATE ON SEED PRODUCTION OF BERSEEM LINE SB-11		
	<b>OBJECTIVE:</b>	To find optimu berseem	m seed rate	for maximum seed production of
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Anees-ul-Hussn	ain Shah & N	A. Riaz Gondal
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19		
	LOCATION	Fodder Researc	h Institute, Sa	nrgodha.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	SEED RATE (I	kg/ha)	
		10.	0	
		12.	5	
		15.	0	
		17.	5	
		20.	0	
		22.	5	
		25.	0	
	PLAN OF WORK	Layout	=	RCBD
		Plot size	=	3m x 6m
		Replication	=	4
		Sowing time	=	2 <sup>nd</sup> week of October
		Variety/Line	=	Line SB-11
		The following of	bservations w	ill be recorded
		1. Plant height ( 3. 1000 grain we 5. Green Fodder	eight (g) 4. (	No. of grains Grain yield (t/ha.)

	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	SEED RATE (kg/ha)	SEED YIELD (t/ha.)
		10.0	0.70 C
		12.5	0.76 C
		15.0	0.79 C
		17.5	0.93 AB
		20.0	0.95 A
		22.5	0.81 BC
		25.0	0.76 C
		L.S.D 0.	05 0.1384
22.	TITLE		D RATE ON SEED OF ALFALFA NEW LINE "GR-722
	OBJECTIVE	To find optimu production of alfa	n seed rate for maximum seed fa
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Anees-ul-Hussnair	n Shah & M. Riaz Gondal
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	FRI, Sargodha	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<u>SEED RATE</u> (kg/	ha)
		5	
		6.25	
		7.50	
		8.7	
		10.0	
	PLAN OF WORK	Layout Plot size Replication Sowing time Row spacing Variety/Lines	<ul> <li>= RCBD</li> <li>= 6m x 2.7m</li> <li>= 4</li> <li>= 2<sup>nd</sup> week of October</li> <li>= 45cm</li> <li>= GR-722 &amp; GR-745"</li> </ul>

		The following observations will be recorded	
		1. Plant height (cm) 3. 1000 grain weight (g) 5. Fodder yield(t/ha)	2. No. of grains per pod 4. Grain yield (kg/ha.)
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment	
23	TITLE	EFFECT OF PRE-EMERGE EARLY SOWN BERSEEM V	
	OBJECTIVE	To find out a suitable weedici control weeds (Itsit,Tandla) in	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	M. Riaz Gondal & Anees-ul-H	ussnain Shah
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	FRI, Sargodha	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<u>A-WEEDICIDES</u> 1-Atrazine 2-Pendimethaline 3-Primextra 4-Dual gold 5- Control	
		<b>B-TIME OF APPLICATION</b>	
		<ol> <li>4 Days before sowing a</li> <li>2 Days before sowing a</li> <li>3 Just before sowing and</li> <li>4 Just after sowing when</li> </ol>	and incorporated in soil
	PLAN OF WORK	Layout RCBD	Late Berseem (for each weedicide and analysis)
		Plot size 4m x 6	m
		Sowing time Last w	eek of September
		The following observations wi	ll be recorded
		1. Berseem plant populat	ion/m2
		2. No. of weeds/m2 (20 da	
		<b>3.</b> Green fodder Yield /t/	ha

Treatment	Plant	No. of	Yield
	Population/m <sup>2</sup>	weeds/m <sup>2</sup>	(t/ha.)
Control	387.67B	82.66B	74.88C
T1-Atrazine	94.00F	12.33CDE	<b>30.1EF</b>
T2-Pendimethline	431.33A	08.00CDE	106.68A
4-days before sowing.			
T3-Dual Gold	128.67E	84.33B	37.52E
4-days before sowing.			
T4-Premextra	228.67D	70.66B	48.1D
4-days before sowing.			
T5-Atrazine	10.00H	14.33CD	1.35G
2-days before sowing.			
T6-Pendimethline	346.00C	12.00CDE	103.47A
2-days before sowing.			
T7- Dual Gold	146.33E	127.00A	39.3E
2-days before sowing.			
<b>T8-Pendimethline</b>	139.33E	73.66B	38.1E
2-days before sowing.			
T9-Atrazine	0.00H	19.66C	0.0G
Just before sowing.			
T10-Pendimethline	330.0C	10.00CDE	90.67B
Just before sowing.			
T11- Dual Gold	100.00F	129.33A	31.30EF
Just before sowing.			
T12-Premextra	58.33G	71.00B	28.2F
Just before sowing.			
T13-Atrazine	00.00H	05.00DE	00.00G
Just after sowing.			
T14-Pendimethline	00.00H	00.00E	00.00G
Just after sowing.			
T15- Dual Gold	00.00H	00.00E	00.00G
Just after sowing.			
T16-Premextra	00.00H	00.00E	00.00
Just after sowing.			
LSD	32.079	14.140	7.217

TITLE	EFFECT OF DIFFERENT SEED RATES AND NPK DOSES ON SEED PRODUCTION OF BERSEEM
OBJECTIVE	To Find Out The Optimum Seed Rate And NPK Doses To Get Maximum Seed of Berseem
<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	M. Riaz Gondal & Anees-ul-Hussnain Shah
PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
LOCATION	FRI, Sargodha
TREATMENTS/	A -Seed Rates (Sub Plot)
METHODOLOGY	1-12.5 KG /ha
	2-15 kg/ha
	3-17.5 kg/ha
	4-20 kg/ha
	5-22.5 kg/ha
	B- <u>FERTILIZER DOSES (Kg/ha) (MAIN PLOT)</u>
	N P K
	23 30 30 23 60 60
	23  90  90
	Layout Split Plot Design
PLAN OF WORK	Plot size 3m x 6m
	Replication 4
	Sowing time 2 <sup>nd</sup> week of October
	Variety Super Late Berseem
	The following observations will be recorded
	1. Plant height (cm) 2. No. of grains per capsule
	<b>3.1000 grain weight (g) 4. No. of tiller per m<sup>2</sup></b>
	5. Grain yield (t/ha.) 6. Fodder yield(t/ha)

Treatment	12.5 kg/ha.	15 kg/ha.	17.5 kg/ha.	20 kg/ha.	22.5 kg/ha.		
(fertilizer)							
N- P - K							
23 - 00 - 00	92.50 I	100.50HI	107.00H	124.50G	102.25HI		
23 - 30 - 30	102.75HI	108.25H	142.50F	183.00C	167.50B		
23 - 60 - 60	143.25F	149.25EF	159.50DE	225.00A	213.50A		
23 - 90 - 90	146.50EF	146.50EF	166.75D	215.25A	198.75B		
LSD	12.846						

25	TITLE			EFFECT OF SEED RATE AND ROW SI GREEN FODDER YIELD OF OATS LIN					
	OBJECTIVE			To find out optimum seed rate and row spacing for maximum green fodder yield.					
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>		R	M. Riaz	Gon	dal & Aneo	es-ul-H	Iussna	in Shah
	<b>PROJECT DURATION</b>			2018-19					
	LOCATION			FRI, Sar	godł	na			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOG			1. 2. 3.	<u>EED</u>	SPACING 15cm 30cm 45cm 0 RATE 67.5 kg/ha 80.0 kg/ha 92.5 kg/ha	à. à.		
	PLAN OF WOR	Κ		1.Plant h 3.No. of l	ime wing eigh eave	3.6m 4 2 <sup>nd</sup> w g observatio t	eek of ons wi	<sup>2</sup> Octob ll be re 2.No. c 4.Leaf	
	REVIOUS YEAI ESULTS	R'S		Rate (kg/h 67.50 80.00 92.50 LSD	a.)	Seed Yie (kg/ha.) 157.83 176.17 168.92 23.609			
			Row sp	oacing	See	ed Yield (kg/	'ha.)		
			15 30			<u>166.75</u> 173.75			
			<u> </u>			162.42			
		Row e	pacing		Sood		ha)		
		KUW S	pacing		Seeu 7.5	l Rate (Kg/ 80		92.5	
			15cm	150.50		167.75AB	18	2.00A	
			30cm	163.25A		186.25A		75AB	
			45cm	159.75A	B	174.50AB	15	3.00B	
			LSD			20.257			

26.	TITLE	EFFECT OF SEED RATE AND ROW SPACING ON GREEN FODDER YIELD OF OATS LINE "FRI-03"		
	OBJECTIVE	To find out optimum seed rate and row spacing for maximum green fodder yield.		
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	M. Riaz Gondal & Anees-ul-Hussnain Shah		
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19		
	LOCATION	FRI, Sargodha		
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<ul> <li>A) <u>ROW SPACING</u> <ol> <li>1. 15cm</li> <li>2. 30cm</li> <li>3. 45cm</li> </ol> </li> <li>B) <u>SEED RATE</u> <ol> <li>67.5 kg/ha.</li> <li>80.0 kg/ha.</li> <li>92.5 kg/ha.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		
	PLAN OF WORK	LayoutSplit plot designPlot size3.6m x 6mReplication4Sowing time2 <sup>nd</sup> week of OctoberFertilizer32-23-00Observations to bePlant heightrecordedNo. of tillers/plantNo. of leaves /tillerLeaf Area (cm²)Stem thickness (mm)Fodder Yield (t/ha)		
	DEVICUS VEAD'S DESU			

Soud Data (kg/ha)	Soud Viold (Ira/ha)
Seed Rate (kg/ha.)	Seed Yield (kg/ha.)
67.50	167.50B
80.00	210.92A
92.50	182.17B
LSD	17.816
Row spacing (cm)	Seed Yield (kg/ha.)
15	178.67
30	191.92
45	190.00

Seed Rate (Kg/ha)						
Row spacing         67.5         80         92.5						
15cm	155.25D	195.25BC	185.50BC			
30cm	170.25CD	226.50A	179.00CD			
45cm	177.00CD	211.00AB	182.00BCD			
LSD	29.97					

27	TITLE:	CHEMICAL CONTROL OF CUSCUTA IN ESTABLISHED CROP OF ALFALFA			
	<b>OBJECTIVE:</b>	To study the efficacy of various weedicides for the control of cuscuta in established alfalfa.			
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS:</b>	Muhammad Riaz Gondal			
	DURATRION:	2018-19			
	LOCATION:	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLGY	T1= Pendimethaline @ 2.5 lit/ha. (Feb & Oct) T2= Paraquat @ 2.5 lit/ha. T3= Paraquat @ 1. 25 lit/ha T4= Paraquat @ 2.5 lit/ha + Pendimethaline @ 2.5 lit/ha. T5= Paraquat @ 1.25 lit/ha + Pendimethaline @ 2.5 lit/ha. T6= Glyphosate @ 50 gm a.i./ha. T7= Glyphosate @ 100 gm a.i./ha. T8= Glyphosate @ 150 gm a.i./ha. T9= Control (check)			
		Design=RCBDReplication=4Plot size=3 x 5 mFertilizer=22-114-00 NPK kg/haSowing Time=NovemberSowing Method=45 cm apart rows.			
		Following observations will be recorded			
		<ol> <li>Germination</li> <li>Plant Height</li> <li>Weed Infestation</li> <li>Tillers/Plant</li> <li>Green fodder yield (t/ha)</li> </ol>			
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	First Year			

# SOIL SCIENCE

28.	TITLE		<b>QUALITY ASSESSMENT OF RABI</b> ooration Trial with Biochemistry Section )			
	OBJECTIVE	To find out the nutritional quality of new lines of Rabi fodders.				
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Asim Pervez and Abdul Razzaq				
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (Continuou	us Nature)			
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.				
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	U	rieties of different Rabi fodder crops will ample will be collected at 50% flowering for their quality.			
		Name of crop	Lines to be studied			
		Oats	10			
		Berseem	10			
		Lucerne	10			
		The following obser	rvations will be recorded:			
		1. Dry matter perc	entage			
		2. Crude fiber %				
		3. Crude fat %				
		4. Crude protein %	/0			
		5. Ash %				

Variety/line	Dry matter %	Ash	Crude fat	Crude fiber	Crude protein
		%	%	%	%
OATS			I		
SGD-1	25.6	10.99	2.75	32.9	10.1
FRI-03	17.5	11.41	2.39	29.3	10.2
FSD-2013	21.2	9.62	2.51	31.7	12.1
FRI-01	21.7	11.2	2.29	30.2	9.6
DOMOUNT	19.6	10.83	2.24	29.4	9.2
Sgd Oats 2011 (Check)	22.5	11.46	2.61	32.1	10.3
FRI-03	21.25	10.83	2.49	30.8	9.2
СК-1	24.7	11.3	2.45	31.6	9.6
S-2000 check	19.3	10.46	2.41	32.2	9.3
FRI02	20.4	9.41	2.76	30.2	9.6
SGD-1	22.1	10.52	2.79	30.7	9.3
No.75525	23.6	10.94	2.73	29.3	11.2
F-415	23.3	11.72	2.93	28.5	9.8
F-4381		11.51	2.69	27.3	10.6
LUCERNE					
SUNDER	23.3	13.45	2.20	26.3	17.9
SILVIRADER	22.3	13.65	2.12	23.7	16.8
FRI-001	24	13.88	1.90	23.3	16.8
GR-722	23.3	14.15	2.03	22.6	18.1
GR-745	25.0	14.59	1.98	22.7	19.6
I-ICON-B	24.0	14.86	2.22	21.5	20.1
SARD-10	24.3	13.68	2.20	22.3	18.8
CUF-101	23.0	14.42	1.62	21.4	19.3
G-03	23.3	14.67	2.30	24.2	14.4
OMEN	25.3	14.09	1.81	25.3	17.9
BERSEEM					
SB-3-14	21.2	10.7	2.09	24.7	11.8
FB-3-14	21.3	10.8	1.98	22.8	10.8
SB-1-13	21.1	10.6	2.31	24.0	17.9
SB-1-14	22.2	11.5	2.19	21.8	19.8
SB-2-15	21.1	9.66	2.24	23.0	18.4
SB-11	21.3	10.5	2.20	23.9	19.7

PREVIOUSYEAR'SANALYSIS RESULTS ARE AS UNDERRESULTS

29.	TITLE	STANDARDIZATION OF FERTILIZER DOSE FOR OATS LINE (FRI-03) TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM GREEN FODDER YIELD				
	OBJECTIVE	To find out the best combination of NPK to obtain maximum green fodder yield of oats FRI-03				
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Abdul l	Razzaq and As	im Pervez		
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	)			
	LOCATION	Fodder	<b>Research Inst</b>	itute, Sargodha.		
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	T2 T3 T4 T5 T6 Lay out Replica Plot size Row sp Line/va Phosph nitrogen	= 102-76-56 = 108-80-59 = 114-84-62 (S = 120-88-65 = 126-92-68 t = 1 tions = 3 e = 3 acing = 3 riety = 1 orus and potas n will be appl	(NPK kg/ha.) (td.) RCBD 3 3mx6m 30 cm. FRI-03 sh will be applied at s ied in two split doso if with 1 <sup>st</sup> irrigation.		
		Followi	ng observation	s will be recorded:		
		3. No. (	t height of leaves/tiller en fodder yield	<ol> <li>Leaf area</li> <li>Stem thicks</li> <li>(t/ha) 6. Soil analysi</li> </ol>		
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RES	ULTS				
	TREATMENTS (NPK Kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )		GFY(tha <sup>-1</sup> )	MRR		
	<b>T</b> <sub>1</sub> 00-00-00		61.667			
	T <sub>2</sub> 102-76-56		81.852	2.34		
	T <sub>3</sub> 108-80-59		83.333	2.46		
	T <sub>4</sub> 114-84-62 (Sto	<b>d.</b> )	85.741	2.51		
	T <sub>5</sub> 120-88-65		85.726	2.39		
	T <sub>6</sub> 126-92-68		85.719	2.28	J	

SOIL ANALYSIS (before sowing)

Soil	ECe	pН	Organic	Available	Available
Texture	(mScm <sup>-1</sup> )		Matter	phosphorous	potassium
			%	$(mg kg^{-1})$	$(mg kg^{-1})$
Silty Loam	0.74	8.0	0.60	6.2	120

30. TITLE STANDARDIZATION OF FERTILIZER DOSE FOR **OATS LINE (SGD-01) TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM GREEN FODDER YIELD** To find out the best combination of NPK to obtain **OBJECTIVE** maximum green fodder yield of oats line SGD-01. **RESEARCH WORKERS** Abdul Razzaq and M. Shoaib Farooq **PROJECT DURATION** 2018-19 **LOCATION** Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha. **TREATMENTS/** = 00-00-00 (NPK kg/ha.) **T1 T2** = 100-74-54**METHODOLOGY T3** = 107-79-58= 114-84-62 (Std.) **T4** = 121-89-66 **T5 T6** = 128-94-70Lay out **RCBD** = **Replications** = 3 **Plot size** = 3mx6m **Row spacing** = 30 cm. Line/variety = **SGD-01** All P & K will be applied at sowing time, while nitrogen will be applied in two split doses, half at sowing time and half with 1<sup>st</sup> irrigation.

The following observations will be recorded:

- 1. Plant height 2. Leaf area
- 3. No. of leaves/tiller
- 4. Stem thickness
- 5. Green fodder vield (t/ha)
- 6. Soil analysis before sowing

TREATMENTS	GFY(tha <sup>-1</sup> )	MRR
(NPK Kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )		
T <sub>1</sub> 00-00-00	57.59	
T <sub>2</sub> 100-74-54	68.70	1.28
T <sub>3</sub> 107-79-58	71.11	1.45
T <sub>4</sub> 114-84-62 (Std.)	79.87	2.26
T <sub>5</sub> 121-89-66	68.51	1.04
T <sub>6</sub> 128-94-70	68.70	1.00

SOIL ANALYSIS (before sowing)

Soil Texture	ECe (mScm <sup>-1</sup> )	рН	Organic Matter %	Available phosphorous (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Available potassium (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )
Silty Loam	0.74	8.1	0.64	6.5	114

#### STANDARDIZATION OF FERTILIZER DOSE FOR 31. TITLE LUCERNE LINE (GR-722) TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM **GREEN FODDER YIELD**

OBJECTIVE	To find out the best combination of NPK to obtain
	maximum green fodder yield of Lucerne line GR-722.

**RESEARCH WORKERS** Asim Pervez and M. Shoaib Farooq

#### 2018-19 **PROJECT DURATION**

**LOCATION** Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.

TREATMENTS/	T1 00-00-00 NPK kg ha <sup>-1</sup>
METHODOLOGY	T2 21-72-54
	T3 22-76-57
	T4 23-80-60 (Std.)
	T5 24-84-63
	T6 25-88-66
	Lay out = RCBD
	<b>Replications</b> = 3
	Plot size = 3mx6m
	Row spacing $=$ 30 cm.
	Line/variety = GR-722

The following observations will be recorded:

1. Plant height

2. No. of tillers/plant 4. Green fodder yield (t/ha)

3. Stem thickness 5. Soil analysis

TREATMENTS	GFY(tha <sup>-1</sup> )	MRR
$(\text{Kg ha}^{-1})$	OF 3 CUTS	
T <sub>1</sub> 00-00-00 T <sub>2</sub> 21-72-54	34.81	1.03
T <sub>2</sub> 21-72-54 T <sub>3</sub> 22-76-57	40.85	1.05
T <sub>4</sub> 23-80-60 (Std.)	40.38	1.01
T <sub>5</sub> 24-84-63	40.14	0.92
T <sub>6</sub> 25-88-66	40.01	0.86

#### SOIL ANALYSIS (before sowing)

Soil Texture	ECe (mScm <sup>-1</sup> )	рН	Organic Matter %	Available phosphorous (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Available potassium (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )
Silty Loam	0.72	7.9	0.64	6.6	121

32. TITLE STANDARDIZATION OF FERTILIZER DOSES FOR LUCERNE LINE (GR-745) TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM **GREEN FODDER YIELD** 

#### **OBJECTIVE** To find out the best combination of NPK to obtain maximum green fodder yield of Lucerne line GR-745.

**RESEARCH WORKERS** Asim Pervez and Abdul Razzaq

**PROJECT DURATION** 2018-19

#### LOCATION

Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.

## **TREATMENTS/**

**METHODOLOGY** 

- 00-00-00 NPK kg ha<sup>-1</sup> **T1 T2** 21-70-52 **T3** 22-75-56 **T4**
- 23-80-60 (Std.)
- **T5** 24-85-64 25-90-68
- **T6**

Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot size	=	3mx6m
Row spacing	=	30 cm.
Line/variety	=	GR-745

The following observations will be recorded.

1. Plant height

2. No. of tillers/plant

- 4. Green fodder yield (t/ha) 3. Stem thickness
- 5. Soil analysis before sowing

TREATMENTS	GFY(tha <sup>-1</sup> )	MRR
(NPK Kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )	OF 3 CUTS	
T <sub>1</sub> 00-00-00	30.87	
T <sub>2</sub> 21-70-52	35.79	1.02
T <sub>3</sub> 22-75-56	36.25	1.04
T <sub>4</sub> 23-80-60 (Std.)	36.9	1.09
T <sub>5</sub> 24-85-64	37.09	1.06
T <sub>6</sub> 25-90-68	36.62	0.92

SOIL ANALYSIS (before sowing)					
Soil Texture	ECe (mScm <sup>-1</sup> )	pН	Organic Matter %	Available phosphorous	Available potassium (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )
Itature	(moem)			$(mg kg^{-1})$	F
Silty Loam	0.74	8.2	0.62	6.8	121

33.	TITLE	RESPONSE OF BERSEEM TO DIFFERENT CONCENTRATIONS OF NPK AS FOLIAR SPRAY
	OBJECTIVE	To find out the best economical dose of NPK as foliar spray with basal dose to obtain maximum green fodder yield of Berseem line SB- II.
	RESEARCH WORKERS	M. Shoaib Farooq and Abdul Razzaq
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	T1= 23-80-50 (NPK kg ha <sup>-1</sup> basal dose)T2= NPK basal dose + 2gLit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar sprayT3= NPK basal dose + 4 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar sprayT4= NPK basal dose + 6 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar sprayT5= NPK basal dose + 8 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar sprayT5= NPK basal dose + 8 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar sprayLay out=Replications=3Plot size=3 m x6 mLine/variety=Sowing method=BroadcastPhosphorous and potash will be applied at the time ofsowing while nitrogen will be applied after the 1 <sup>st</sup> cut. Foliarapplications will be done after twelve days of each cut.The following observations will be recorded:-1. Plant height2. Stem thickness3. Green fodder yield (tha <sup>-1</sup> )4. No. of tillers/plant5. Soil analysis before sowing 6. Dry matter %

# **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

TREATMENTS	GFY(tha <sup>-1</sup> ) OF 2 CUTS	MRR
$T_1$ 23-80-50 (NPK kg ha <sup>-1</sup> basal dose)	32.81	
T <sub>2</sub> NPK basal dose+ 2g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK as foliar spray	34.96	7.09
T <sub>3</sub> NPK basal dose+ 4 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK as foliar spray	35.85	9.5
T <sub>4</sub> NPK basal dose+ 6 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK as foliar spray	36.38	10.58
T <sub>5</sub> NPK basal dose+ 8g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK as foliar spray	36.14	9.39

## **SOIL ANALYSIS (before sowing)**

Soil Texture	ECe (mScm <sup>-1</sup> )	рН	Organic Matter %	Available phosphorous (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Available potassium (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )
SiltyLoam	0.64	7.7	0.69	6.7	123

34. TITLE

## **RESPONSE OF LUCERNE TO DIFFERENT CONCENTRATIONS OF NPK AS FOLIAR SPRAY**

To find out the best economical dose of NPK as foliar spray with basal dose to obtain maximum green fodder yield of Lucerne

**RESEARCH WORKERS** Asim Pervez and M. Shoaib Farooq

**PROJECT DURATION** 2018-19

**LOCATION** 

**OBJECTIVE** 

**TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY** 

Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.

= 23-80-60 (NPK kg ha<sup>-1</sup>basal dose) **T1** = NPK basal dose + 2gLit<sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar spray **T2** 

- = NPK basal dose + 4 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar spray = NPK basal dose + 6 g Lit <sup>-1</sup> NPK foliar spray **T3**
- **T4**
- = NPK basal dose + 8 g Lit  $^{-1}$  NPK foliar spray **T5**

Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot size	=	3m x6 m
Sowing method	=	Broadcast
Line/variety	=	Sgd-Lucerne

Phosphorous and potash will be applied at the time of sowing while nitrogen will be applied after 1<sup>st</sup> cut. Foliar applications will be done after ten days of each cut.

The following observations will be recorded.

- 1. Plant height
- 2. Stem thickness **3.** Green fodder yield (tha<sup>-1</sup>) 4. No. of tillers/plant
- 5. Soil analysis before sowing 6. Dry matter %

## PREVIOUS YEAR'RESULTS

TREATMENTS	GFY(tha <sup>-1</sup> )	MRR
	OF 5 CUTS	
T1 23-80-60 (NPK kg ha-1basal dose)	86.83	
T2 NPK basal dose+ 2g Lit-1 NPK as foliar spray	87.94	1.45
T3 NPK basal dose+ 4 g Lit -1 NPK as foliar spray	88.55	1.85
T4 NPK basal dose+ 6 g Lit -1 NPK as foliar spray	91.31	3.70
T5 NPK basal dose+ 8g Lit -1 NPK as foliar spray	90.05	2.81

**SOIL ANALYSIS (before sowing)** 

Soil Texture	ECe (mScm <sup>-1</sup> )	рН	Organic Matter %	Available phosphorous (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Available potassium (mg kg <sup>-1</sup> )
Silty Loam	0.62	7.9	0.69	6.9	125

## SCREENING OF LUCERNE GERMPLASM AGAINST 35. TITLE DIFFERENT SALINITY **OBJECTIVE** To screen out the Comparatively most salt tolerant lines/varieties of lucerne. **RESEARCH WORKERS** M. Shoaib Farooq and Abdul Razzaq **PROJECT DURATION** 2018-19 LOCATION Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha **TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY** Different lines of Lucerne will be subjected to different salinity levels. Each pot will be filled with 10 kg of soil/sand. Seeds of lucerne will be sown at uniform depth and after completion of emergence, thinning will be done and equal No. of plants will be maintained in each pot. Recommended dose of commercial fertilizer at the rate of 23-80-00 NPK kg ha<sup>-1</sup> will be applied to each pot. = **RCBD** Factorial Lay out **Replications** = 3 The following observations will be recorded: 1. Germination percentage 2. Mortality percentage **PREVIOUS YEAR'S** RESULTS **New experiment**

36.	TITLE	GERMPLAS	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF LUCERNE GERMPLASM ON SALT AFFECTED SOIL (Collaboration Trial with SSRI, Pindi Bhattian) To evaluate the comparatively most salt tolerant lines/varieties of Lucerne. M. Shoaib Farooq, Abdul Razzaq, Muhammad Ilyas, Abdul Rasool Naseem and Amir Iqbal Saqib			
	OBJECTIVE					
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>					
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (continuous nature)				
	LOCATION	Soil Salinity Research Institute, Pindi Bhattian				
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY		2. Fsd Lucerne 5.H –River me	3. C-312 6. No.1103		
		Soil will be a	nalyzed before sowi	ng and after harvesting.		
		Lay out	= RCBD			
		Replications	= 3			
		Plot Size	= <b>1.8mx5m</b>			
		Row spacing	g = 30  cm.			
		Seed rate	$= 6 \text{ kg ha}^{-1}$			
		Fertilizer do	se= 23-80-60 NPK kş	gha <sup>-1</sup>		
		The followin	g observations will b	e recorded:		
		1. Germinati	ion percentage	2. Mortality		
		3. Green for	lder yield (tha <sup>-1</sup> )	4. Quality Analysis		
	PREVIOUSYEAR'S RESULTS;	New experin	nent			

37.	TITLE	PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF OATS GERMPLASM ON SALT AFFECTED SOIL (Collaboration Trial with SSRI Pindi Bhattian) To evaluate the comparatively most salt tolerant lines/varieties of Oats.			
	OBJECTIVE				
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	M. Shoaib Farooq, Abdul Razzaq, Muhammad Ilyas, Abdul Rasool Naseem and Amir Iqbal Saqib			
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (con	tinuous nature)		
,	LOCATION	Soil Salinity	Research Institute,	Pindi Bhattian	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Lay out Replications Plot Size Row spacing Seed rate Fertilizer dos The following	nalyzed before sow =RCBD = 3 =1.8mx5m = 30 cm. = 80 kg ha <sup>-1</sup> se= 114-84-00 NPK g observations will	be recorded.	
			ion percentage der yield (tha <sup>-1</sup> )	2. Mortality 4. Quail analysis	
	PREVIOUSYEAR'S RESULTS	New experim	-	- Quan anarysis	

38.	TITLE	STANDARDIZATION OF FERTILIZER DOSE FOR BERSEEM LINE (SB-3-14) TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM GREEN FODDER YIELD
	OBJECTIVE	To find out the best combination of NPK to obtain maximum green fodder yield of berseem line SB-3-14.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	M. Shoaib Farooq and Asim Pervez
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	T1 00-00-00 NPK kg ha <sup>-1</sup> T2 21-70-40 T3 22-75-45 T4 23-80-50 (Std.) T5 24-85-55 T6 25-90-60 Lay out = RCBD Replications = 3 Plot size = $3mx6m$ Row spacing = $30 \text{ cm.}$ Line/variety = SB-3-14 The following observations will be recorded:-
		1. Plant height 2. No. of tillers/plant
		<b>3. Stem thickness 4. Green fodder yield (t/ha)</b>
		5. Soil analysis
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment

39.	TITLE	STANDARDIZATION OF FERTILIZER DOSE FOR BERSEEM LINE (SB-2-15) TO OBTAIN MAXIMUM GREEN FODDER YIELD	
	OBJECTIVE	To find out the best combination of NPK to obtain maximum green fodder yield of berseem line SB-2-15.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	M. Shoaib Farooq and Asim Pervez	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	T1       00-00-00 NPK kg ha <sup>-1</sup> T2       21-70-41         T3       22-76-46         T4       23-80-50 (Std.)         T5       24-84-54         T6       25-88-58         Lay out       =       RCBD         Replications       =       3         Plot size       =       3mx6m         Row spacing       =       30 cm.         Line/variety       =       SB-2-15         The following observations will be recorded:-       1.         Plant height       2. No. of tillers/plant         3. Stem thickness       4. Green fodder yield (t/ha)         5. Soil analysis       -	
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment	

# **PLANT PATHOLOGY**

40	TITLE	SCREENING OF BERSEEM GERMPLASM AGAINST ROOT ROT DISEASE		
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate berseem germplasm against Root Rot di ( <i>Fusarium moniliforme</i> )		
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Aftab Ahmad Khan and Dr. Saleem Il Yasin 2018-2019 Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha		
	PROJECT DURATION			
	LOCATION			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Varieties/lines	Berseem germplasm	
	METHODOLOGY	Design	RCBD	
		Replications 3		
		Sowing method	Broadcast	
	PLAN OF WORK	Berseem germplasm entries will be sown and the crop will		

Berseem germplasm entries will be sown and the crop will be raised adopting the standard cultural and agronomic practices. The germplasm entries will be inoculated *Fusarium moniliforme*. Disease incidence data will be recorded at maturity stage.

**PREVIOUS YEAR'S** S. No. Lines/varieties **Disease incidence (%)** RESULTS 1 **SB-11** 3.33 2 **SB-12** 3.67 3 B. Agaiti (check) 5.00 4 **SB-8** 5.00 5 **B-1-2012** 5.33 5.33 6 **B.** Pachaiti (check) 7 SG-07-I 5.67 8 **SB-10** 6.00 9 **SG-07-II** 6.00 7.00 10 **SB-III** 

1.	TITLE	CHEMICAL CONTROL OF BERS (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum) DISEASE	EEM WHITE MOL
	OBJECTIVE	To find a suitable fungicides for the c Berseem.	ontrol of white mold
	RESEARCH WORKER	Aftab Ahmad Khan and Dr. Saleem Il	Yasin
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-2020	
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Treatments (Fungicides)	Dose
		Derosal (Carbendazim)	500 g/acre
		Topsin-M 70 WP (Thiophanate methyl)	600 g/acre
		Copper oxychloride	500 g/acre
		Benlate 50WP (Benomyl)	300 g/acre
		Dithane M-45 80 WP (Mancozeb)	800 g/acre
		Trifort 25 WP (Triadimefon)	200 g/acre
		Treaty 6 ME (Tebuconazole)	750 ml/acre
		Ridomil Gold 68 WG (Mancozeb + Metalaxyl)	250 g/acre
		Kumulus-DS 80 WG (sulphur)	800 g/acre
		Control	Untreated
		Test variety	Berseem Agaiti
		Design	RCBD
		Replications	3
		Plot size	3 m x 5 m

PLAN OF WORK The berseem variety Berseem Agaiti will be sown in the 3rd to 4th week of November. Standard cultural and agronomic practices will be adopted to raise the crop. The crop will be treated with the fungicides through soil drenching. Observations on the disease incidence will be recorded at maturity stage.

New experiment.

PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS

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42.	TITLE	EVALUATION OF ALFALFA GERMPLASM AGAINST ANTHRACNOSE ( <i>Colletotrichum trifolii</i> ) To evaluate alfalfa varieties/lines against <i>Colletotrichum</i> <i>trifolii</i> .		
	OBJECTIVE			
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Aftab Ahmad Khan and Dr. Saleem Il Yasin		
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-2019		
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha		
	TREATMENTS/	Varieties/lines61 Alfalfa Germplasm entrSowing methodBroadcast		
	METHODOLOGY			
		Design	RCBD	
		Plot size	5 m x 3 m	
		Replications	3	
	PLAN OF WORK	The germplasm entries will be grown adopting standard agronomic practices. The germplasm entries will be		

agronomic practices. The germplasm entries will be inoculated with *Colletotrichum trifolii*. Anthracnose disease incidence data will be recorded at appearance of the disease.

## PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS

Reaction	Number of Lines/varieties	Resistant Lines
Resistant	25	Viger-5, Laghka, African pop, Pumpa, Sgd Lucerne-
Moderately Resistant	31	2002, Oman, Cheronia, No.1103, Lucernal, Con-B,
Moderately Susceptible	5	Sard-10, R-739, No.53, No.64 (USA), Turkish pop, Persian,
Susceptible	0	KQS-Alfalfa-02, Flenish pop, GR-745, NARC-2, NARC-3,
Total	61	Rajanpur-1, Rajanpur-2, China, Boover

43	TITLE	<ul> <li>EVALUATION OF OATS GERMPLASM AGAINST RUST DISEASE (<i>Puccinia coronata</i> f. sp. <i>avenae</i>)</li> <li>To find out the resistant material in oats germplasm entries against Rust disease.</li> </ul>				
	OBJECTIVE					
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>					
	PROJECT DURATION					
	LOCATION	Fodder Research I	nstitute, Sargodha			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Varieties/lines	130 Oats germplasm entries			
		Design	Augmented			
		Line spacing	30 cm			
		Check variety	S-2000			
	PLAN OF WORK	<b>Methodology</b>				
		field with two row sown as check vari will be raised adop	e germplasm entries will be sown in s per entry. SGD Oats 2011 will be ety after every 30 entries. The crop oting standard agronomic practices. data will be recorded on the ase.			
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment				

44.TITLECHEMICAL CONTROL OF RUST (Puccinia coronata<br/>f. sp. avenae) OF OATS (Avena sativa)

To find a suitable fungicides for the control of rust disease of oats.

**RESEARCH WORKER** Aftab Ahmad Khan and Dr. Saleem II Yasin

PROJECT DURATION 2018-2019

LOCATION

**OBJECTIVE** 

TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha

Dose
200 g/acre (2 g/litre)
20 g/acre (0.2 g/litre)
750 ml/acre (7.5 ml/litre)
200 ml/acre (2.0 ml/litre)
250 g/acre (2.5 g/litre)
800 g/acre (8 g/litre)
600 g/acre (6 g/litre)
250 ml/acre (2.5 ml/litre)
Untreated
SGD-2011
RCBD
4
50 cm
3 m x 3 m

PLAN OF WORK Oats variety Sargodha 2011 will be sown in the 3<sup>rd</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> week of November. Standard cultural and agronomic practices will be adopted to raise the crop. The crop will be sprayed at two weeks interval starting from 15<sup>th</sup> February. Observations on the disease incidence will be recorded at flowering stage. The data on grain yield will also be recorded.

PREVIOUS YEAR'S	
RESULTS	New experiment.

# **ENTOMOLOGY**

45	TITLE	COMPARATIVE EFFICACY OF COMMONLY USED INSECTICDES ON <i>HELICOVERPA ARMIGERA</i> ON SEED CROP OF BERSEEM
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate best insecticides against Heliothis
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Abdul Khaliq

PROJECT DURATION 2018-2019

LOCATION Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha

TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY

Treatment	Insecticides	Dose/acre
T1	Spintor 480SC (spinosad)	40 ml
T2	Coragen 20SC	25 ml
	(chlorantraniliprole)	
T3	Marshal 5EC (lufenuron)	200 ml
T4	Runner 280SC (methoxyfenozide)	100 ml
T5	Emamectin 1.9 EC (emamectin	200 ml
	benzoate)	
T6	Belt 48SC (flubendiamide)	50 ml
T7	Steward (indoxacarb) 150SC	175 ml
T8	Volium flexy	80ml
	(chlorantraniliprole+thiamethoxa	
	m 300EC)	
Т9	Fipronil (fipronil) 25EC	480 ml
T10	Pirate (chlorfenpyr) 360 SC	320 ml
T12	Delegate (spintoram) 25 WG	60 gm
T13	Control	

## PLAN OF WORK

Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot size	=	3mx5m
Sowing method	=	Broadcast
Sowing time	=	Oct

After the last cutting, the crop will be regularly observed to measure the larval abundance of *H. armigera*. The data regarding larval population will be recorded from one square meter before and then 3, 6 and 9 days after treatment from each plot. Spray will be done with a manually operated hand knapsack sprayer. Percent mortality will be calculated by using the below mentioned formula:

 $M=100 \times (Nbs - Nas) \div Nbs$ 

where,

%M - Percent mortality; Nbs - Insect abundance before spray;

Nas – Insect abundance after spray

**PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS** 

Ins	ecticides	Mean abundance (mortality %)/ m <sup>2</sup>				
S.No	Trade	Pre-T.	Post. T	Post T.	Post T(9 days)	
	Name		(3 days)	(6 days)		
T1	Spintor	4.66	0.67 (85.71)	0.60 (87.14)	1.33 (71.43)	
T2	Coragen	5.00	0.50 (90.00)	0.33 (93.33)	0.93 (81.33)	
T3	Marshal	3.70	0.83 (77.27)	0.66 (81.82)	1.23 (66.36)	
T4	Runner	4.00	1.03 (74.17)	0.50 (87.50)	1.16 (70.83)	
T5	Emamectin	4.33	0.33 (92.31)	0.43 (90.00)	0.66 (84.62)	
<b>T6</b>	Belt	5.00	0.16 (96.67)	0.33 (93.33)	0.85 (82.93)	
<b>T7</b>	Steward	4.00	0.76 (80.83)	0.90 (77.50)	1.23 (69.17)	
<b>T8</b>	V. flexy	3.33	0.51 (84.50)	0.36 (89.00)	0.83 (75.00)	
Т9	Fipronil	4.66	1.46 (68.57)	1.13 (75.71)	1.76 (62.14)	
T10	Pirate	3.67	0.60 (83.64)	1.06 (70.91)	1.63 (55.45)	
T11	Delegate	5.33	1.00 (81.25)	1.10 (79.38)	1.70 (68.13)	
T12	Control	4.33	5.33	7.66	8.66	
LSD 2.34 0.91			0.91	1.43	0.96	

<b>46. TITLE:</b>	LE: SCREENING OF SOME ORGANOPHOSPHAT PYRETHROIDS, NEONICOTINIDES AND CARBAMATES INSECTICDES AGAINST LYGUS/STINK BUG ON SEED CROP OF LUCERNE					
OBJECTIVE	To evaluate best insecticides against Lygus/stink bug					
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Abdul Khaliq					
<b>PROJECT DURATION</b>	2018-19					
LOCATION	Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha					
TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<u>Treatments</u>	Dose per acre (ml)				
	T1= Malathion 57 EC T2= Chlopyrifos 40 EC T3= Acephate 75SP T4= Dimethoate 40EC T5= Bifenthrin 10 EC T6= Lambdacyhalothrin 2. T7= Deltamethrin 2.3 EC T8= Acetamiprid 20SP T9= Imidacloprid 20SL T10= Carbosulfan 20EC T11= Control Variety = SGD-Lucerr Lay out = RCBD Replications = 3 After the last cutting, at flowering be observed regularly to measure stink bug. When the attack of stin observed in the field, the populat by 5 net sweeps from each plot be three, five and seven days of treat done with a manually operated has sprayer. The data will be subjected to ana Percent mortality will be calculat below mentioned formula: $%M=100 \times (Nbs - Nas) \div Nbs$ where, %M - Percent mortality; 1 abundance before spray; Nas - In after spray.	400 125 250 500 ne 2002 g stage the crop will e the abundance of nk bug will be ion will be counted efore and then after tment. Spray will be and knapsack lysis ted by using the Nbs - Insect				
PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment					

**47. TITLE:** 

**OBJECTIVE** 

TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY

# COMPARATIVE EFFICACY OF BAIT VS GRANULAR INSECTICDES AGAINST SNAILS ON LUCERNE CROP

To evaluate best treatment against snails

RESEARCH WORKERS PROJECT DURATION LOCATION

Abdul Khaliq 2018-2020

Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha

Treatments	Insecticides	Dose /
		acre
T1	Control	No
		insecticide
		application
T2	Fertera (chlortraniliprole)	4 kg
	0.4% G	
Т3	5% Nacl	
T4	Chlorguard (Chlopyrifos)	6 kg
	10% G	
Т5	Task (Metaldehyde) 6% G	1.5 kg
<b>T6</b>	Task (Metaldehyde) 6% G	3 kg
T7	Task (Metaldehyde) 6% G	3 kg
	+ Urea	

Variety	=	Sargodha-Lucerne 2002
Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3
Plot size	=	3mx5m

On the appearance of snails the baits as well as granules chemicals will be spread in the lucerne crop. The population will be counted by five randomly selected tillers from each plot before and then after three, five and ten days after treatment.

PREVIOUS YEAR'S	Chemicals		Mean abundance			
RESULTS			(mortality %)/Tiller			
	Sr	Trade Name	Pre-T.	Post. T	Post T.	Post T
	#			(3 days)	(5 days)	(7 days)
	<b>T1</b>	Control	5.67	8.00	9.67	10.47
	<b>T2</b>	Fertera	5.33	4.67	6.00	6.67
	<b>T3</b>	5% Nacl	4.33	2.67	2.83	4.10
	<b>T4</b>	Chlorguard	5.00	4.33	5.33	6.00
	T5	Task 1.5 kg	4.33	2.17	2.33	2.33
	<b>T6</b>	Task 3 kg	5.67	2.27	2.07	2.27
	<b>T7</b>	Task 3 kg +	6.33	2.10	2.37	2.60
		Urea				
		LSD	2.62	1.60	3.07	3.25
OBJECTIVE RESEARCH WORKERS PROJECT DURATION LOCATION TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOCY	PRYTHROIDS, NEONICOTINIDES AND CARBAMATES INSECTICDES AGAINST CHALCID WASP ON SEED CROP OF LUCERNETo evaluate best insecticides against Chalcid waspAbdul Khaliq2018-19Fodder Research Institute, SargodhaTreatmentsDose per acre (ml					
METHODOLOGY		Malathion 57 E		20 20		
		Chlopyrifos 40		20 20		
		Acephate 75SP Dimethoate 401		20 20		
		Bifenthrin 10 E		15 EC 20		
		Lambdacyhalo				
		Deltamethrin 2		20		
		Acetamiprid 20		1(		
	T9= Imidacloprid 20SL 150					
	-	= Carbosulfan 2 = Control	UEC	20	JU	

Variety	=	SGD-Lucerne 2002
Lay out	=	RCBD
Replications	=	3

After the last cutting, on flowering, the crop will be observed regularly to measure the abundance of Chalcid wasp. When the attack of chalcid will be occured in the field, the population will be counted by 5 net sweeps from each plot before and then after three, five and seven days after treatment. Spray will be done with a manually operated hand knapsack sprayer.

The data will be subjected to analysis Percent mortality will be calculated by using the below mentioned formula:-

%M=100 × (Nbs – Nas ) ÷ Nbs where, %M - Percent mortality; Nbs - Insect abundance before spray; Nas – Insect abundance after spray

## New Experiment

# PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS

# **DAIRY TECHNOLOGY**

49. TITLE:		EFFECT OF BERSEEM AND ALFALFA HAY ON MILK PRODUCTION AND COMPOSITION OF DAIRY BUFFALOES
OBJECTIV	VE:	To evaluate nutritive value of Berseem and Alfalfa hay
RESEARC	H WORKERS	Muhammad Shakeel Hanif

PROJECT DURATION 2018-19

LOCATION Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha

TREATMENTST1. Hay of Berseem (SB-2-15)T2. Hay of Alfalfa (GR-745)

METHODOLOGY: The hay of Berseem and Alfalfa will be prepared by standard method and analyzed for proximate composition. The hay will be fed to buffaloes to determine its effect on milk production and Milk composition (Milk fat, SNF, Total Solids, Protein, pH, Acidity). Six dairy buffaloes of almost similar stage and lactation number will be selected and fed on different types of hay at ad-libitum. Daily feed intake and milk yield will be recorded. The data will be analyzed statistically.

12	15 Proximate Composition of Berseem and Alfalfa I			
	Sr.	Parameters	Berseem Hay	Alfalfa Hay
	#			-
	1	Ash (%)	$10.967 \pm 0.182$	10.92±0.826
	2	Crude Protein (%)	$15.897 \pm 0.506$	17.58± 0.923
	3	Crude Fat (%)	$3.513 \pm 0.346$	4.66± 0.712
	4	Crude Fiber (%)	$38.643 \pm 0.946$	$28.60 \pm 2.645$
	5	NFE (%)	$21.630 \pm 1.107$	$22.84 \pm 1.392$
	6	ADF %	$27.843 \pm 0.823$	36.94± 1.415
	7	NDF %	$48.793 \pm 1.460$	$45.85 \pm 1.713$

PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS Proximate Composition of Berseem and Alfalfa Hav

EFFECT OF BERSEEM AND LUCERNE HAY ON						
FEED INTAKE	FEED INTAKE, MILK PRODUCTION AND					
C	OMPOSITION	N				
Parameter	T1 (Berseem	T2 (Lucerne Hay)				
	Hay)					
Feed Intake (Kg)	10.500A	7.500B				
Milk Production(L)	7.500A	6.500B				
Fat (%)	6.403A	5.560A				
SNF (%)	8.573A	9.306A				
Density	30.070A	30.027A				
Lactose (%)	3.700A	4.0660A				
Salts (%)	0.613A	0.556A				
Protein (%)	3.466A	3.530A				
pH	6.893A	6.896A				
Acidity (%)	<b>0.100A</b>	0.103A				
Freezing Point	-0.449A	-0.415A				

## 50 TITLE: FEEDING EVALUATION OF DIFFERENT OATS LINES IN LACTATING BUFFALOES

To study the effect of feeding promising lines of Oats on milch animals.

**RESEARCH WORKERS** 

PROJECT DURATION

LOCATION Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha

2018-19

TREATMENTS METHODOLOGY

**OBJECTIVE** 

 $T_1$  FRI-03  $T_2$  SGD-1

**Muhammad Shakeel Hanif** 

Two different promising lines of Oats will be planted at Farm Area of FRI, Sargodha and fed to buffaloes to evaluate the effect on milk production and quality. The chopped green fodder will be analyzed for proximate composition. The milk will be analyzed for (Fat, SNF, Total Solids, Protein, pH, Acidity). Six buffaloes of similar stage and lactation number will be selected and 2 promising lines of oats will be fed at ad-libitum. Daily feed intake and milk yield will be recorded. Data will be analyzed statistically.

# PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS:

<b>Sr.</b> #	Parameters	T1 (FRI- 03)	T2 (SGD-1)
1	Ash (%)	14.485 ±2.02	10.930 ±0.570
2	Crude Protein (%)	8.345 ± 1.79	7.745±1.185
3	Crude Fat (%)	2.510±0.12	2.935±0.115
4	Crude Fiber (%)	37.662±6.47	35.295±3.845
5	NFE (%)	28.705±4.23	31.310±2.973
6	ADF %	26.000±2.00	27.000±2.000
7	NDF %	52.067±2.00	$48.667 \pm 2.082$

Diet	Milk Production (Liters)		
	Before Trial	After Trial	
T1 (FRI- 03)	9.70	9.96	
T2 (SGD-1)	10.20	10.30	
	Milk Composi	tion	
Parameters	T1 (FRI- 03)	T2 (SGD-1)	
Fat (%)	7.2800 A	7.6500 A	
<b>SNF (%)</b>	7.3667 A	8.1933 A	
Density	25.467 A	29.873 A	
Lactose (%)	3.3200 A	3.6433 A	
Salts (%)	0.5233 A	0.5733 A	
Protein (%)	3.7333 A	3.3333 A	
рН	6.8933 A	6.9000	
Acidity (%)	0.1067 A	0.1000 A	
<b>Freezing Point</b>	-0.4153 A	-0.4490 A	

# FODDER RESEARCH SUB-STATION, AARI, FAISALABAD

# **BERSEEM** (Trifoliumalexandrium L.)

51	TITLE	MAINTENANCE OF BERSEEM GERMPLASM
	OBJECTIVE	To maintainberseem germplasm and record data on various morpho-physioligical traits.
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Dr. QamarShakil , Mr. Ahmed Hassan Khan, Mr. SulemanRaza
	DURATION	2018-19 (Continuous Nature)
	LOCATION	FodderResearchSub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	No. of entries=50Area=1 Row of each entryRowlength=15 feetSowing Time=MidOctober
	PREVIOUSYEAR'S RESULTS	Morphological data of 60 berseem accessionsPlant height:30-75cmTillers per plant:4-12Leaves per tiller:9-16Stem thickness :1.5-4mmLeaf length:3-5cmLeaf width :1.2-2.2cm
52	TITLE	PRELIMINARY GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM
	OBJECTIVE	To assess green fodderyield of elitelines of berseemselected on the basis of their traits.
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Dr.QamarShakil , Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza
	DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	FodderResearchSub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Seed of the berseemlineswillbereceivedfromDirector, FodderResearch Institute Sargodha. Plan provided by the Institute willbefollowed for methodology.
		The following new advancelineswillbeincorporated fromFodderResearchSub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad. 1) FB-01-18 2) FB-02-18

PREVIOUSYEAR'S RESULTS	Sr. No	Lines /Varieties	Green Fodderyield (t/ha 4 cuts)
	1	FB-1-17	81.33
	2	FB-2-17	78.67
	3	FB-3-17	77.56
	4	SB-3-17	71.56
	5	ANMOL(check)	71.11
	6	SB-1-17	69.33
	7	AGAITI (check)	69.33
	8	SB-4-17	67.78
	9	SB-2-17	67.56
	10	GOLD-17	66.67
	LSI	0.05	7.1
<b>OBJECTIVE</b>	paramete 1. Fa 2. H 3. Lo 4. M	of the trial is to evaluaters: ast establishment igh green fodder yield ong duration (heat to fulti cut in nature	l potential blerance)
RESEARCH WORKERS	Dr. Qam Suleman	arShakil, Ahmed Has Raza	san Khan and
DURATION	2018-19		
LOCATION	FodderR	esearchSub-Station, A	ARI, Faisalabad.
TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	-	0	ing plan willbeprovided ch Institute Sargodha.
	advancel	wing new ineswillbeincorporate a, AARI, Faisalabad.	dfromFodderResearchSu
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B-01-2017 B-02-2017	

PREVIOUS YEAR'S	Sr.	Lines / varieties	Green Fodderyield (t/ha) 4
RESULTS	No.		cuts
	1	FB-2-16	106.22
	2	FB-1-16	100.89
	3	ANMOL (check)	88.89
	4	AGAITI (check)	88.44
	5	SB-3-16	87.78
	6	SB-2-16	85.33
	7	SB-4-16	79.11
	8	SB-5-16	76.00
		LSD 0.05	7.95
TITLE		TABILITY GREEN ERSEEM.	FODDER YIELD TRIAL
OBJECTIVE	To evaluate green fodder yield potential of advance lines against commercial varieties under different agro climatic conditions in central Punjab.		
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza		

#### DURATION 2018-19

LOCATION FodderResearchSub-Station, AARI Faisalabad.

TREATMENTS/The packed seed along with sowing plan will be providedMETHODOLOGYby the Director, Fodder Research Institute Sargodha.<br/>The following promising advance lines will be added.

i)	FB-01-	2016

ii) FB-02-2016

PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS

54

Sr.	Lines /	Green Fodder
No.	varieties	yield (t/ha)
1	FB-3-15	116.67
2	FB-1-15	110.67
3	SB-3-15	105.56
4	AGAITI	105.33
5	SB-1-15	102.44
6	ANMOL	96.22
7	SB-2-15	93.33
	LSD 0.05	7.4216

55	TITLE		NATIONAL UNIFORM GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM To test elite varieties of berseem developed by breeders of the country under cooperating units of coordinated programme on fodder Islamabad. Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza		
	OBJECTIVE	of the coun			
	RESEARCH WORKERS	-			
	DURATION	2018-19 Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.			
	LOCATION				
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	<ul> <li>The seed along with sowing plan will be provided b NARC, Islamabad. The following promising advan lines will be added.</li> <li>Sandal Berseem 02</li> <li>Samarqand Berseem</li> </ul>			
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S	<b>C</b>	<b>T</b> :	Carry Folder stald	
	RESULTS	Sr. No.	Lines / varieties	Green Fodder yield (t/ha) 3cuts	
		1	BS17020	73.33	
		2	BS17039	68.22	

**BS17050** 

**BS17001** 

**BS17009** 

**BS17041** 

**BS17011** 

LSD 0.05

67.56

64.44

62.89

62.22

61.56

9.3

3

4

5

6 7

# ALFALFA

56	TITLE	CHARECTERIZATION AND MAINTENANCE OF ALFALFA GERMPLASM	
	OBJECTIVE	To maintain alfalfa germplasm and record data on various morpho-physiological traits.	
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Dr.QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza	
	DURATION	2018-19 (Continue Nature)	
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	No. of entries=50No. of rows/entry=1R x R distance=60cmRow length=15 feet eachPlanting Time=OctoberDesign=Augmented	
	PREVIOUSYEAR'S RESULTS	The cluster analysis grouped the studied 144 accessions in 5 clusters. The 4 <sup>th</sup> cluster was earmarked in all the traits.	

Variable	Cluster 1	Cluster 2	Cluster 3	Cluster 4	Cluster 5	Mean
Nodes/Tiller	8.25	8.81	9.11	9.67	8.34	8.66
Plant height (cm)	47.58	47.56	52.61	57.00	44.14	47.40
Leaves/tiller	24.61	26.20	27.24	28.65	24.99	25.85
Leaf width (cm)	1.49	1.53	1.55	1.58	1.46	1.5
Leaf length (cm)	2.86	2.91	2.93	2.99	2.92	2.92
Leaf area ( cm <sup>2</sup> )	3.21	3.39	3.43	3.56	3.22	3.32
GFY (g)	1068.33	789.24	1400.37	1845.76	479.69	832.02

57	TITLE	ZONAL GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL ON ALFALFA			
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate green fodder yield potential of advance lines against the commercial varieties under different agro climatic conditions in central Punjab.			
	RESEARCH Workers	Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza			
	DURATION	2018-19			
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad			
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	The packed seed along with sowing plan will be provide by the Director, Fodder Research Institute Sargodh The advance line 'Faisalabad Lucerne' will be added i the trial.			
	PREVIOUSYEAR'S		1		
	RESULTS	Sr. No.	Lines / varieties	Green Fodder yield (t/ha) 6 cuts	
		1	GR-745	87.41	
		2	HUNTER RIVER	83.70	
		3	NO-1103	81.85	
		4	GR-722	80.00	
		5	SGD-LUCERNE	68.89	
		6	C-312	58.89	
		LSD 0	.05	4.864	
58	TITLE OBJECTIVE	ALFALF		veloped by breeders of the	

- RESEARCH WORKERS Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza
- DURATION 2018-19

LOCATION Fodder Research Sub-Station,	AARI, Faisalabad
---------------------------------------	------------------

programme on fodder, Islamabad.

TREATMENTS/The seed along with sowing plan and methodology will be<br/>received from NARC, Islamabad.

S.No	Line /Verity	FRSS	NARC,	ARS	FRI	Average
		F/Abad	I/Abad.	B/Pur	Sgd	(t/ha)
		(6 cut)	(3 cut)	(3 cut)	(3 cut)	
1	GR-722	88.00	41.34	49.33	46.93	56.40
2	Lucerne Max.	87.11	33.44	51.56	51.87	55.99
3	Quetta Selection	77.55	39.78	51.78	52.83	55.49
4	GR-745	78.44	39.00	52.00	51.10	55.14
5	Sgd. Lucerne 2002 (Check)	76.45	40.22	45.33	48.60	52.65
	LSD 5%	6.94	6.10	3.54	4.78	2.13
	C.V. %	4.50	8.40	3.58	5.10	2.10

# **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

# **OATS** (Avena sativa)

59	TITLE	COLLECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF OATS GERMPLASM				
	OBJECTIVE	introduction in or	der to g	well as local lines for direct et disease free, more leafy, stay ler yield potential.		
	RESEARCH WORKERS	Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza				
DURATION Continue Nature						
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.				
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	50 elite lines of oat	ts will be	e maintained by selfing.		
		No. of rows	=	2		
		R x R distance	=	60cm		
		Row length	=	5m each		
		<b>Planting Time</b>	=	October		
		Design	=	Augmented		
	PREVIOUSYEAR'S RESULTS	Seed of the selfed the next year stud	-	vere stored in paper bags for		

60	TITLE	PRELIMINARY GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF OATS
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate the green fodder yield performance of newly selected lines/varieties of oats on the basis of their desirable traits.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr.Qamar Shakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and Suleman Raza
	DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	The packed seed along with sowing plan will be provided by the Director, Fodder Research Institute Sargodha. The following promising lines of oats will be added:
		> FO-01-18

> FO-02-18

PREVIOUS YEAR'S

RESULTS

Sr. No.	Coded	Green fodder yield
	varieties	(t/ha)
1.	FSD-02-2015	51.62
2.	<b>F-443</b>	51.62
3.	SGD-2011	50.93
4.	NO.668	50.93
5.	NO.689	50.93
6.	NO.85-125	49.07
7.	<b>F-440</b>	48.61
8.	<b>F-446</b>	48.38
9.	FRI-301	48.38
10.	FRI-152	47.92
11.	FRI-153	47.45
12.	FRI-6000/15	46.06
13.	FRI-034	46.06
14.	SGD-2000	43.98
I	SD 0.05	7.4697

61	TITLE	ADVANCED GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF
		OATS.

OBJECTIVE To evaluate green fodder yield performance of newly selected lines/varieties of oats on the basis of their desirable traits.

**RESEARCH WORKERS** Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza

DURATION 2018-19

LOCATION Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.

TREATMENTS/The packed seed along with sowing plan will be provided<br/>by the Director, Fodder Research Institute Sargodha.<br/>The following promising lines of oats will be added:

F-401 F-403 F-406

PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS

Sr.	Lines / Varieties	Green fodder
No.		yield (t/ha.)
1.	NO-632	48.38
2.	SGD-04	46.99
3.	NO-75524	46.99
4.	FBO-01-2016	46.76
5.	S-2000	46.76
6.	FBO-02-2016	46.06
7.	SGD-46	45.83
8.	Sgd-2011	45.37
9.	FSD-02-2013	44.68
10.	No.667	43.52
11.	ERK	43.52
12.	FSD-01-2013	42.82
	LSD 0.05	4.5637

62	TITLE	ADAPTABILITY GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF OATS
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate the promising/Candidates lines of oats for their green fodder yield in different agro-ecological zones of the provinces.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. QamarShakil, Ahmed Hassan and SulemanRaza
	DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	The packed seed along with sowing plan will be provided by the Director, Fodder Research Institute Sargodha.

by the Director, Fodder Research Institute Sargodha. The oats line 'F-415' will be added by this section.

# PREVIOUSYEAR' RESULTS

Sr.	Lines/ Varieties	Green fodder
No.		yield (t/ha.)
1.	F-415	57.72
2.	NO.75525	56.48
3.	FRI-03	56.17
4.	FRI-01	56.17
5.	S-2000	55.86
6.	SGD-2011	54.94
7.	CK-1	54.94
8.	FSD-2013	53.70
9.	SGD-1	52.78
10.	DOMOUNT	51.23
11.	FRI-02	50.31
12.	F-4381	50.00
	LSD 0.05	4.993

63	TITLE	NATIONAL UNIFORM GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF OATS
	OBJECTIVE	To test the elite lines of oats developed by the breeders of the country.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. QamarShakil , Ahmed Hassan Khan and SulemanRaza
	DURATION	2018-19
	LOCATION	Fodder Research Sub-Station, AARI, Faisalabad.

# TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY

**PREVIOUSYEAR'S** 

RESULTS

The packed seed along with sowing plan will be provided by the Coordinator NARC, Islamabad. Oats lines F-408, F-411 and F-417 will be added by this section.

#### Sr# **Coded Varieties** Green fodder yield (t/h.) 66.36 **OT17088** 1. 2. **OT 17079** 63.89 3. **OT17020** 62.96 62.65 4. **OT17074** 5. **OT17029** 62.04 58.95 6. **OT17009** 57.72 7. **OT17015** 57.72 8. **OT17085** 9. **OT17067** 56.17 **OT17081** 54.32 10. OT17030 53.70 11. 12. **OT17090** 50.93 LSD 0.05 6.8546

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# **AGRONOMY (FORAGE PRODUCTION), AARI, FAISALABAD**

64.	TITLE	EFFECT OF SOWING TIME OF DIFFERENT VARIETIES/ LINES OF BERSEEM FOR MAXIMUM GREEN FODDER YIELD
	OBJECTIVE	To determine the best planting /sowing date for maximum green fodder yield potential of different Berseem varieties/lines in Faisalabad.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Arbab Jahangeer , Muhammad Arshad & Sohail Rashid.
	DURATION	2018-2020.
	LOCATION	Agronomy (Forage Production) Section AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS	A) Varieties (Main Plots)
		i) Line-1(SB- 3-14)
		ii) Line-2 (SB- 2-15)
		B) Sowing Dates (Sub plots)
		i) 10 <sup>th</sup> October
		ii) 20 <sup>th</sup> October
		iii) 30 <sup>th</sup> October
		iv) 10 <sup>th</sup> November
	METHODOLOGY	Layout = Split Plot Design
		Replications =3
		Plot size $= 3m \times 6m$
		Sowing method = Broad cast in standing water.
		Seed Rate $= 20 \text{ kg ha}^{-1}$
		Fertilizer = 30-60 NP kg /ha <sup>-1</sup>
	OBSERVATIONS	1.Plant Height,2.No. of Leaves/ Tiller3.No. of Tillers m <sup>-2</sup> ,4.Green Fodder Yield5.Dry Matter %6.Crude Protein % age.
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment.

65.	TITLE	MILK YIELD RESPONSE TO DIFFERENT BERSEEM VARIETIES/LINES	
	OBJECTIVE	To determine the response of different berseem lines/ varieties on milk yield and composition.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Abdul Majid and Sohail Rashid.	
	DURATION	2018-2020.	
	LOCATION	Dairy Section at Agronomy (Forage Production), AARI, Faisalabad.	
	TREATMENTS	T <sub>1</sub> = Anmol Berseem T <sub>2</sub> = Line-1(SB- 3-14) T <sub>3=</sub> Line-2S (SB- 2-15)	
	METHODOLOGY	12 buffaloes will be selected from dairy herd and fed green fodder of berseem @ 80 Kg/animal/day as per treatment in 3 replications in RCBD for 2 week. The following data will be recorded and analyzed statistically.	
		<ol> <li>Daily milk yield.</li> <li>Milk composition.</li> </ol>	
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment	
66.	TITLE	COMPARATIVE STUDY ON FORAGE YIELD OF DIFFERENT OATS ELITE LINES UNDER AGRO- ECOLOGICAL CONDITIONS OF FAISALABAD	
	<b>OBJECTIVE:</b>	To determine maximum green fodder yield of elite Oats lines under Faisalabad agro-ecological conditions.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Muhammad Arshad, Arbab Jahangeer and Sohail Rashid.	
	DURATION	2017-2019.	
	LOCATION	Agronomy (Forage Production) Section AARI, Faisalabad.	
	TREATMENTS	$T_{1} = FRI-3664/15$ $T_{2} = FRI-3007$ $T_{3} = FRI-034$ $T_{4} = Line No -75525$ $T_{5} = Line No -707$ $T_{6} = Horcon$ $T_{7} = Line No 75527$ $T_{8} = Check (Sargodha oat 2011).$	

METHODOLOGY	Layout= RCBD	
	<b>Replications=3</b>	
	Plot size= 3m x6m	
	Sowing method= Broadcas	t
	Seed Rate = 80 kg ha $^{-1}$	
OBSERVATIONS	1.Number of Plants m <sup>-2</sup> ,	2. Plant Height,
	<b>3.Number of Leaves per</b>	4. Plant, Green Fodder Yield,
	5.Crude Protein% age	6. Dry Matter % age.

# **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

Treatment	Green Fodder Yield (t/ha)
Line-75525	104.00 a
FRI-3664/15	88.67 b
FRI-034	85.50 bc
Sargodha Oats-2011	82.50 cd
Line-75527	82.17 cd
Horcon	80.67 cd
FRI-3007	80.17 cd
Line-707	78.00 d
LSD	6.0667

67.	TITLE	MILK YIELD RESPONSE TO DIFFERENT OATS ELITE LINES
	OBJECTIVE	To determine the response of different oats lines/varieties on milk yield and composition.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Abdul Majid, Arbab Jahangeer and Sohail Rashid.
	DURATION	2018-2020.
	LOCATION	Dairy Section at Agronomy (Forage Production) Section AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS	T <sub>1</sub> = Sargodha oat 2011 T <sub>2</sub> = Line No. 75525 T <sub>3</sub> = FRI-034 T <sub>4</sub> = Line No. 75527
	METHODOLOGY	16 buffaloes will be selected for dairy herd and fed green fodder of 4 high yielding oats lines @ 70 Kg/animal/day as per treatment in 3 replications in RCBD for a week. The following data will be recorded and analyzed statistically.
		<ol> <li>Daily milk yield</li> <li>Milk composition</li> </ol>
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment

68.	TITLE	CUTTING FREQUENCIES RESPONSE ON SEED YIELD POTENTIAL OF BERSEEM	
	OBJECTIVE		esponse of cutting frequencies on seed Super Late Berseem.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Muhammad Arsha	d, Arbab Jahangeer and Sohail Rashid.
	DURATION	2017-2019.	
	LOCATION	Agronomy (Forage	Production) Section AARI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS	T <sub>1</sub> = No cut T <sub>2</sub> = One cut T <sub>3</sub> = Two cuts T <sub>4</sub> = Three cuts T <sub>5</sub> = Four cuts	
	METHODOLOGY	Layout = RCBD Replications Plot size Sowing method Sowing Date Seed Rate Fertilizer Date of first cut	
	OBSERVATIONS		ield t/ha, 2. Number of Plants m 2,

1. Green Fodder Yield t/ha,2. Number of Plants m 2,3. Number of Seeds /panicle4.1000 Seed/grain Weight5.Seed Yield t/ha<sup>-1</sup>6. Dry Matter % age7.Protein % age

# **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULT**

•

Treatment	Seed yield (t/h
No Cut	a) 0.9860 a
One Cut	0.9030 b
Three Cuts	0.8610 bc
Two Cuts	0.8563 bc
Four Cuts	0.8193 c
LSD Value	0.0568

69.	TITLE	COMPARISON OF THE PRODUCTIVITY OF PURE AND MIXED RABI FODDERS	
	OBJECTIVE	To determine the best combination of fodders for maximum biomass.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Arbab Jahangeer, Muhammad Arshad and Sohail Rashid	
	DURATION	2018-2020	
	LOCATION	Agronomy (Forage Production) Section, AARI, Faisalabad	
	TREATMENTS	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
	METHODOLOGY	Layout= RCBDReplication=3Plot size= $3m \times 6m$ Sowing method= Broadcast in standing water.Fertilizer= $30-60 \text{ kg NP ha}^{-1}$	
	OBSERVATIONS	Number of Plants m <sup>-2</sup> , Number of Tillers/Plant, Plant Height at Harvest, Number of Leaves per tiller and Green Fodder Yield t/ha, Dry Matter %age and Crude Protein %age.	
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULT	New experiment	
70.	TITLE	EFFECT OF SOWING TIME OF DIFFERENT VARIETIES/LINES OF LUCERNE ON GREEN FODDER YIELD	
	OBJECTIVE	To determine the best planting /sowing time for maximum green fodder yield potential of different lucerne varieties/lines in Faisalabad.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Sohail Rashid, Muhammad Arshad and Arbab Jahangeer.	
	DURATION	2018-2020.	
	LOCATION	Agronomy (Forage Production) Section AARI, Faisalabad.	

	TREATMENTS		Lines=2= GR	R 722 an	d GR745		
			Date of sowing= 4=10 Oct. 20 Oct, 30 Oct, 10 Nov.				
	METHODOLOGY		Layout Replications Plot size Sowing meth Seed Rate	_	= RCBD =3 = 3m x6m = Broadcas = 20 kg ha	t	
	OBSERVATIONS		Number of Plants m <sup>-2</sup> , Plant Height,Number of Leaves per Plant, Green Fodder Yield, Dry Matter % age and Crude Protein % age.				
	PREVIOUS YEAR <sup>®</sup> RESULTS	'S	New Experiment.				
71.	TITLE		EFFECT OF DIFFERENT RATIONS ON MILK PRODUCTION IN BUFFALOES				
	OBJECTIVE		To determin production in			ifferent rat	ions on milk
	<b>RESEARCH WOR</b>	KERS	Dr Abdul Ma	ajid and	, Sohail Ras	hid.	
	DURATION		2018-2020.				
	LOCATION		Agronomy (H	Forage 1	Production)	ection, AAF	RI, Faisalabad.
	TREATMENTS	Sun Fle Molass Sodiun Di Cale	olishing ower Cake	Ration- 46% 20% 20% 10% 1% 2% 1% 100%	1 Ration-2 UAF Wanda	Ration-3 Anmol Wanda	Ration-4 Maize 20% Wheat 20% Gram 20% Soya bean 20% Alsee 20%
	METHODOLOGY	Totai	Layout	100%	= <b>R</b> (	CBD	
			Layout= RCDDTotal Number of Buffaloes= 9Buffaloes on each ration= 3				
	OBSERVATIONS		Daily milk yield and milk composition.				
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS		New Experin	nent.	-		

# AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH STATION, BAHAWALPUR

# LUCERNE (Medicago sativa L.)

<b>72. TITLE:</b>	NATIONAL UNIFORMFODDER YIELD TRIAL OF LUCERNE
OBJECTIVE	To evaluate different lines/varieties of Lucerne for green fodder yield at different locations in Pakistan.
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Lal Hussain Akhtar and Rashid Minhas
<b>PROJECT DURATION</b>	2018-19
LOCATION	Agricultural Research Station, Bahawalpur
TREATMENTS/	Seed and methodology of the Trial will be provided by the
METHODOLOGY	Coordinator (Fodder), National Agricultural Research
	Centre, Islamabad.
	Data on fodder yield will be recorded.

#### **PREVIOUS YEARS ESULTS**

S.No	Line /Verity	FRSS	NARC,	ARS	FRI	Average
		F/Abad	I/Abad.	B/Pur	Sgd	(t/ha)
		(6 cut)	(3 cut)	(3 cut)	(3 cut)	
1	GR-722	88.00	41.34	49.33	46.93	56.40
2	Lucerne Max.	87.11	33.44	51.56	51.87	55.99
3	Quetta Selection	77.55	39.78	51.78	52.83	55.49
4	GR-745	78.44	39.00	52.00	51.10	55.14
5	Sgd. Lucerne 2002 (Check)	76.45	40.22	45.33	48.60	52.65
	LSD 5%	6.94	6.10	3.54	4.78	2.13
	C.V. %	4.50	8.40	3.58	5.10	2.10

73.TITLE OBJECTIVE	ADAPTABILITY TRIAL ON LUCERNE To evaluate different lines/varieties of Lucerne for green fodder yield at different locations in Punjab.
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Lal Hussain Akhtar and M.Shajahan Bukhari
PROJECT DURATION	2018-19
LOCATION	Agricultural Research Station, Bahawalpur
TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Seed and methodology of the trial will be provided by the Director, FRI, Sargodha.

Data on fodder yield will be recorded.

PREVIOUS YEARS RESULTS

### **Green fodder yield (3-cuttings)**

Varieties	Fodder Yield (t ha <sup>-1</sup> )
GR-722	51.1
C-312	46.9
Sgd. Lucerne 2002	48.6
GR-745	51.9
Hunter River	57.2
No. 1103	59.6

The coded data were sent to the Director, FRI, Sargodha. The decoded data is still awaited.

## **BERSEEM** (Trifolium elexandrinum)

74. TITLE	ADAPTABILITY BERSEEM	FODDER	YIELD	TRIAL	OF
OBJECTIVE	To assess green fodder yield potential of adva against standard varieties under different agr conditions.				
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Lal Hussain Ak	htar and Rah	mat Ullah		
PROJECT DURATION	2018-19				
LOCATION	Agricultural Resear	rch Station, B	ahawalpur	•	

TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Seed and methodology of the trial will be provided by the Director FBL Sougadha					
METHODOLOGI	Director, FRI, Sargodha. Data on fodder yield will	Director, FRI, Sargouna. Data on fodder yield will be recorded				
PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	<u>Green fodder yield (3-cuttings)</u>					
RESULIS	Varieties	Green Fodder Yield (t ha <sup>-1</sup> )				
	SB-3-15	76.68				
	SB-1-15	73.56				
	FB-3-15	84.23				
	Agaiti(check)	80.90				
	FB-1-15	76.01				
	Anmol (check)	74.23				
	SB-2-15	71.56				
75. TITLE	PHOSPHOROUS REQUIREMENT OF BERSEEM FOR SEED PRODUCTION					
OBJECTIVE	To find out optimum dose of phosphorous for higher seed production of berseem under climatic conditions of Bahawalpur.					
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Lal Hussain Akhtar and Muhammad Imran Akram					
PROJECT DURATION	2018-19					
LOCATION	Agricultural Research Station, Bahawalpur					

### **TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY**

No. of Entries = 01 = Berseem Agaitti Variety **Replications** = 3 **Plot size**  $= 3m \times 6m$ **Sowing method** = **Broadcast** Layout = RCBD

Periodical soil analysis will be conducted before sowing and during the crop growing season (every 30 days). Data on following characters will be recorded:

- $CGR (g m^{-2} da y^{-1})$ 1. Plant height (cm) 2. 3.
  - NAR  $(g m^{-2} da y^{-1})$ 4. LAI

5.

- RUE  $(g MJ^{-1})$ No. of grains capsule<sup>-1</sup> 6.
- **1000-grain wt (g) Root shoot ratio** 7. 8.
- Green fodder yield 10.Seed yield(kg ha<sup>-1</sup>) 9.  $(t ha^{-1})$

Treatments	Phosphorus	Potassium
	$(\mathbf{Kg}^{ha^{-1}})$	(Kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )
T1	0	0
Т2	20	0
T 3	40	0
T 4	60	0
Т 5	0	15
<b>T6</b>	20	15
<b>T7</b>	40	15
T8	60	15
Т9	0	30
T10	20	30
T11	40	30
T12	60	30
T13	0	45
T14	20	45
T15	40	45
T16	60	45

**New Experiment** 

**PREVIOUS YEAR' RESULTS** 

76. TITLE	EFFECT OF LAST CUTTING DATE ON SEED PRODUCTION OF BERSEEM UNDER CLIMATIC CONDITIONS OF BAHAWALPUR				
OBJECTIVE	To find out the optimum time for last cutting date to obtain higher seed production of berseem under climatic conditions of Bahawalpur.				
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Lal Hussain Akhtar and	Muhammad Imran Akram			
PROJECT DURATION	2018-19				
LOCATION	Agricultural Research Statio	n, Bahawalpur			
TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Agricultural Research Station, BahawalpurNo. of Entries = 01Variety = Berseem AgaittiReplications = 3Plot size = 3m x 6mSowing method = BroadcastLayout = RCBDThe following observations will be recorded1. Plant height (cm)2. No. of plants m <sup>-2</sup> 3. No. of capsules plant <sup>-1</sup> 4. No. of grains capsule <sup>-1</sup> 5. 1000-grain wt (g)6. Green fodder yield (t7. Seed yield (kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )				
	Treatments	Last cut date			
	T1 T2	No cutting 01/02			
	T 3	15/02			
	T 4	01/03			
	Т 5	15/03			
	<b>T 6</b>	01/04			

**PREVIOUS YEAR'S** RESULTS

T 6 New Experiment

OATS (Avena sativa L.)

<b>77. TITLE</b>	ADAPTABILITY GREEN FODDER YIELD TRIAL OF OATS			
OBJECTIVE	To evaluate the promising lines of oats for green fodder yield.			
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr.	Lal Hussain Akhtar and	Muhammad Zubair	
PROJECT DURATION	2018-19			
LOCATION	Agr	ricultural Research Statio	on, Bahawalpur.	
TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Seed and methodology of the trial will be provided by t Director, FRI, Sargodha. Green fodder yield will be recorded. Data recorded on green fodder yield of adaptation yield trial of oats are given as under:			
		Varieties	Green Fodder Yield (t ha <sup>-1</sup> )	
		FRI - 03	93.88	
		SGD-1	91.19	
PREVIOUS YEAR'S		Sgd Oats 2011(Check)	89.70	
RESULTS		DOMOUNT	90.88	
		FRI-01	86.41	
		S-2000 (check)	84.31	
		F-4381	80.72	
		СК-1	85.21	
		NO.75525	89.99	
		FRI-02	87.61	
		FSD-2013	81.92	
		F-415	90.39	

The data recorded were sent to the Director, Fodder Research Institute, Sargodha.

LSD (0.05)

78. TITLE	SEED PRODUCTION OF LUCERNE, BERSEEM AND OATS CROPS				
OBJECTIVE	To produce pre-basic seed of approved varieties of Lucerne, Berseem &Oats crops to meet the requirement of seed companies/growers/farmers of the southern Punjab.				
<b>RESEARCH WORKERS</b>	Dr. Lal Hussain Akhtar, Rashid Minhas, Muhammad Shahjahan Bukhari and Muhammad Zubair				
<b>PROJECT DURATION</b>	2018-19				
LOCATION	Agricultural Research Stat	ion, Bahawa	alpur		
TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Area= 6 AcSowing method= LineRow to Row distance= 60crBERSEEMVariety=BersArea= 10ASowing method= BroaOATSName of variety= SGEArea= 5Ac	e Sowing n eem Agaiti cres adcast O-Oats-2011 res e Sowing	ne , Sgd. Oats-	2000	
PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	Results	Lucerne	Berseem	Oats	
	No. of Capsules selected for capsule to row planting	120	140	-	
	No. of capsule to rows selected for planting in Blocks	120	130	-	
	No. of Blocks selected	30	35	-	
	BNS Kg	50	45	-	
	Pre-basic (Kg)	750	1155	4000	

# **EXPERIMENTAL SEED PRODUCTION UNIT, FAROOQABAD**

79.	TITLE OBJECTIVE	ADAPTABILITY YIELD TRIAL OF BERSEEM To evaluate promising lines/varieties of berseem for green fodder yield		
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman 2018-19		
	PROJECT DURATION			
	LOCATION	Experimental Seed Production Unit (ESPU), Farooqabad		
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Line/varieties Design Replications Plot size Sowing method	As provided by the Director, FRI, Sgd. RCBD 3 3m x 5m Broadcast	
	PLAN OF WORK	Complete Block Design (R crop will be raised ad practices. Data on green fo	be sown using Randomized CBD) with 3 replications. The lopting standard agronomic odder yield of each cutting will the crop will be received and stically.	

### PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS

S. No.	Code of lines/varieties	Green Fodder Yield (t/ha)
1.	SB-3-15	117.33
2.	SB-1-15	116.00
3.	Anmol (check)	100.00
4.	Agaiti(check)	99.33
5.	FB-1-15	88.66
6.	SB-2-15	86.66
7.	FB-3-15	85.33
	LSD	5.84

80.	TITLE	EVALUATION OF DIFERENT BERSEEM VARITIES AVAILABLE IN LOCAL MARKET AGAINST THE APPROVED VARITIES FOR GREEN FODDER YIELD	
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate green fodder yield of different local and promising verities.	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	Experimental Seed Produc	tion Unit (ESPU), Farooqabad
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Line/varieties Design Replications Plot size	8 (4 locally available & 4 promising verities). RCBD 3
		Sowing method	3m x 5m Broadcast
	PLAN OF WORK	Block Design (RCBD) with raised adopting standard a	using Randomized Complete a 3 replications. The crop will be agronomic practices. Data on cutting will be recorded. Six cuts and data will be analyzed
	PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS	New experiment.	
81.	TITLE	PRE-BASIC SEED PRODUCTION OF APPROVED VATITIES OF BERSEEM/LINES	
	OBJECTIVE	To produce large quantity varieties.	y of pre-basic seed of approved
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman	
	<b>PROJECT DURATION</b>	2018-19 (Continuous natu	re)
	LOCATION	<b>Experimental Seed Produ</b>	ction Unit (ESPU), Farooqabad
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Line/varieties Block size Sowing method	4 verities. 2 acres Broadcast
	PLAN OF WORK	2 acres of each variety will be sown to increase the seed. The crop will be raised adopting standard agronomic practices. The green fodder will be obtained till 31 March after that crop will be left over for seed setting.	

## **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

<b>S.</b> #	Variety	Seed produced	Area sown
1.	Pachaiti Berseem	639 kg	2 acre
2.	Supper late	418 kg	2 acres
3.	S.B-11	214 kg	6.5 kanals

While cleaning the seed it is noted that the line SB-11 has not produce even single kg of B grade seed.

82.	TITLE	ADAPTABILITY YIELD	TRIAL OF LUCERNE
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate promising lines/varieties of Lucerne for	
		green fodder yield	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	<b>Experimental Seed Produc</b>	tion Unit (ESPU),
		Farooqabad	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Line/varieties	<u>As provided by the Director,</u> FRI, Sgd.
		Design	RCBD
		Replications	3
		Plot size	1.8 m x 5m
		Sowing method	Broadcast
		Row spacing	45cm
	PLAN OF WORK	The lines/varieties will be sown using Randomized Complete Block Design (RCBD) with 3 replications. The crop will be raised adopting standard agronomic practices. Data on green fodder yield of each cutting will be recorded. Six cuts of the crop will be received and data will be analyzed statistically.	

#### **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

Sr.	Lines/varieties	Green Fodder Yield
No.		(t/ha)
1.	GR-722	34.06
2.	C-312	30.73
3.	Sgd. Lucerne 2002	29.98
4.	GR-745	34.06
5.	Hunter River	32.58
6.	No. 1103	32.95
	LSD	2.13

83.	TITLE	PRE-BASIC SEED PRODUCTION OF LUCERNE		
	OBJECTIVE	To produce large quantity	of pre-basic seed of Lucerne	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman		
	PROJECT DURATION	2017-19		
	LOCATION	<b>Experimental Seed Produc</b>	tion Unit (ESPU), Farooqabad.	
	TREATMENTS/	Variety	SG-11.	
	METHODOLOGY	Block size	2 acres	
		Sowing method	Line sowing	
		RxR	45 cm	
	PLAN OF WORK	Two acres of Lucerne variety SG-11 will be sown increase the seed. The crop will be raised adopti standard agronomic practices. The green fodder will obtained till 31 <sup>st</sup> March and then the crop will be left seed setting.		

**PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS** 

<b>S.</b> #	Variety	Seed produced
1.	SG-11	158 kg

84.	TITLE	ADAPTABILITY YIELD TRIAL OF OATS	
	OBJECTIVE	To evaluate promising line	s/varieties of oats for green
		fodder yield	
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19	
	LOCATION	<b>Experimental Seed Produc</b>	tion Unit (ESPU), Farooqabad
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Line/varieties	<u>As provided by the Director,</u> FRI, Sgd.
		Design Replications Plot size Sowing method	RCBD 3 1.8 m X 6 m Line sowing
	PLAN OF WORK	Complete Block Design (I	be sown using Randomized RCBD) with 3 replications. The ag standard agronomic practices. analyzed statistically.

## **PREVIOUS YEAR'SRESULTS**

S.No.	Code of lines/varieties	Green Fodder Yield (t/ha)
1.	FRI - 03	67.25
2.	SGD-1	65.18
3.	DOMOUNT	59.25
4.	FRI-01	63.88
5.	Sgd Oats 2011(Check)	60.18
6.	F-415	46.29
7.	NO.75525	60.18
8.	СК-1	61.11
9.	S-2000 (check)	63.88
10.	F-4381	61.29
11.	FRI-02	48.14
12.	FSD-2013	51.85
	LSD	

85.	TITLE	PRE-BASIC SEED PRODUCTION OF OATS	
	OBJECTIVE	To produce large quantity	of pre-basic seed of oats.
	<b>RESEARCH WORKER</b>	Nadeem Rehman	
	PROJECT DURATION	2018-19 (Continuous nature)	
	LOCATION	Experimental Seed Production Unit (ESPU), Farooqabad	
	TREATMENTS/ METHODOLOGY	Variety Area to be sown Sowing method	SG-Oats 2011 15 acres Line sowing
		R x R	30 cm
	PLAN OF WORK		y SGD-Oats 2011 will be sown to crop will be raised adopting

### **PREVIOUS YEAR'S RESULTS**

<b>S.</b> #	Variety	Seed produced
1.	SGD-Oats 2011	9600 kg

standard agronomic practices.